

ABSTRACT

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Role Personality Traits to Cybervictimization in Student University at Jakarta; Bonar Hutapea, M.Si. & Sandy Kartasasmita, M.Psi. Undergraduate Program in Psychology, Tarumanagara University, (i-xviii; 89 pages, R1-R6, Appdx 1-43).

Some of previous research show the different result about role personality traits to cybervictimization (Celik, Atak, & Erquzen, 2012; Festl & Quandt, 2012; Peluchette, Karl, Wood, & Williams, 2015). Therefore, researcher wants to make research again about role personality traits to cybervictimization in student University at Jakarta. Researchers chooses student university as sampel of research because research about cybervictimization which related with student university still little and student university have risk to be cybervictim (Kokkinos, Antoniadou, & Markos, 2014).

The aim of this research is to know role of personality traits to cybervictimization in Student University at Jakarta. This research is using convience sampling technice and get 402 data, which consist of 129 men and 273 female. However, research does some screening which base on main criteria of cybervictim which be measured by questionnaire, and only get 41 participants, which consist of 9 men and 32 women.

According to Nisfiannoor (2008), before does any analysis of regresion linier, researcher must to check correlation that variables. If there is not significant correlation, analysis of regression linier can't be done. The Result of correlation

between personality traits and cybervictimization show that dimension of neuroticism, extraversion, openness and agreeableness don't have significant correlation with cybervictimization, so analysis of regression linier can't be done. But, dimension of conscientiousness has negative significant correlations with cybervictimization. So, analysis of regression linier can be done and the result show that dimension of conscientiousness has negative role and significant to cybervictimization, with $F = 5,789$, $p = 0,021$ $0,05$, and $t = -2,406$. Furthermore, $R^2 = 0,129$ which shows the dimension of conscientiousness has a role of 12,9 percent to cybervictimization.

Keywords: personality traits, cybervictimization, cybervictim