

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

1. Sutanto I, Ismid IS, Sjarifuddin PK, Sungkar S. Parasitologi Kedokteran. Jakarta: Balai Penerbit FKUI. 2008.
2. Costa-Orlandi CB, Magalhaes GM, Oliveira MB, Taylor EL, Marques CR, Resende-Stoianoff MA. Prevalence of dermatomycosis in a Brazilian tertiary care hospital. Brazil: Mycopathologia. Aug 2012; vol 174:489-497.
3. Oktavia A. Prevalensi dermatofitosis di poliklinik kulit dan kelamin RSUD Tangerang periode 1 Januari 2011 sampai dengan 31 Desember 2011 [skripsi]. Jakarta. 2012.
4. Hermawan DA, Widyanto. Mengenal penyakit jamur kulit yang sering ditemukan di Indonesia. Jakarta: Meditek. Sep-Dec 2000; vol 8.
5. Havlickova B, Czaika VA, Friedrich M. Epidemiological trends in skin mycoses worldwide. German: Journal compilation Blackwell Publishing Ltd. 2008; vol 51 (Suppl. 4):2-15.
6. Tzar MN, Zetti ZR, Ramliza R, Sharifah AS, Leelavathi M. Dermatomycoses in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Malaysia: Sains Malaysia. 2014; vol 43(11):1737-1742.
7. Brooks GF, Carroll KC, Butel JS, Morse SA, Mietzner TA. Jawetz, Melnick, Adelberg's medical microbiology. 26thed. New York: Mc Graw Hill; 2013.
8. Oktaviani VD. Hubungan pemakaian sepatu terhadap kejadian tinea pedis pada pekerja peternakan ayam lanu *farm* [skripsi]. Semarang. 2016.
9. Habif TP. Clinical dermatology: a color guide to diagnosis and therapy . 5thed. Elsevier Saunders. 2010.
10. Wolff K, Goldsmith LA, Katz SI, Gilchrest BA, Paller AS, Leffell DJ. Fitzpatrick's dermatology in general medicine. 7th ed. New York: Mc Graw Hill; 2008.
11. Benneth JE, Dolin R, Blaser MJ. Mandell, Douglas, and Bennett's principles and practice of infectious diseases. 8thed. Vol.1. Philadelphia: Elsevier Saunders. 2015.
12. Fothergill AW. Medical significant fungi. In: Mahon CR, Lehman DC, Manuseelis G. Textbook of diagnostic microbiology. 5th ed. Maryland: Elsevier; 2015.p.589-624.
13. Cutaneous Candidiasis: Background, Pathophysiology, Etiology. 2018 Jul 16 [cited 2018 Dec 6]; Available from: <https://emedicine.medscape.com/article/1090632-overview>
14. Hamid ME, Assiry MM, Joseph MR, Haimour WO, Abdelrahim IM, Al-Abed F, et al. Candida and other yeasts of clinical importance in Aseer region, southern Saudi Arabia. Saudi Med J. 2014;35(10):1210–4.

15. Odds FC, Bernaerts R. CHROMagar *Candida*, a new differential isolation medium for presumptive identification of clinically important *Candida* species. J Clin Microbiol. 1994 Aug;32(8):1923-9.
16. Nadeem S, Hakim S, Kazmi S. Use of CHROMagar *Candida* for the presumptive identification of *Candida* species directly from clinical specimens in resource-limited settings. Libyan Journal of Medicine. 2010; 5(1):2144.
17. Byadarahally Raju S, Rajappa S. Isolation and identification of *Candida* from the oral cavity. ISRN Dentistry. 2011; vol 2011:1-7.
18. Kuswadji. Kandidosis. Dalam: Djuanda A, Hamzah M, Aisah S, ed. Ilmu penyakit kulit dan kelamin. Edisi ke-5. Jakarta: FKUI; 2007.p.106-9.
19. Mutiawati VK. Pemeriksaan mikrobiologi pada *Candida albicans*. Jurnal Kedokteran Syiah Kuala. Aug 2016; vol 16.
20. Gerhardt LC, Strassle V, Lenz A, Spencer ND, Derler S. Influence of epidermal hydration on the friction of human skin against textiles. JR Soc Interface. 2008 Mar 10;5:1317–28.
21. Sastroasmoro S. Dasar – dasar metodologi penelitian klinis. Ed 5. Jakarta: Sagung Seto; 2014.
22. Rafat Z, Hashemi SJ, Ahamdikia K, Bazvandi F. Study of skin and nail *Candida* species as a normal flora based on age groups in healthy persons in Tehran-Iran. Iran Univ Med Sci. 2017 Apr 8;
23. Polii SVG, Pandaleke HEJ, Kapantow MG. Profil kandidosis intertriginosa di Poliklinik Kulit dan Kelamin RSUP Prof. Dr. R. D. Kandou Manado periode Januari - Desember 2013 [skripsi]. Jurnal e-Clinic. Jan-June 2016;Vol 4(1).
24. Magarita V, Sadeli R, Gunawan H. Detection of Dermatophyte between Toes of Medical Students Wearing and not Wearing Socks in Universitas Padjadjaran using Direct Microscopic Examination. Dep Dermatol Venereol Fac Med Univ Padjadjaran. 2015 Dec;