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B. A. Lubisi - Virology, MED Programme, ARC - Onderstepoort Veterinary Institute, No. 100 Old Soutpan Road, Onderstepoort, Tshwane, 0110, South Africa
Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=Wwcc5-8AAAAJ&hl=en>
Interest area: Virology

Girija Regmi - Department of Cardiovascular Biology, Oklahoma Medical Research Foundation, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, USA
<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-6827-3783>
Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=JRhk5-sAAAAJ&hl=en>
Interest area: Anatomy - Animal Hygiene, Husbandry, Nutrition, and Food Control - Animal Nutrition - Animal Reproduction - Animal Science - Antimicrobial resistance - Bacteriology - Biological Sciences - Biomedical Sciences - Hematology - Immunohistochemistry - Microbiology - Molecular Biology - Veterinary Anatomy, Histology, and Physiology - Veterinary Medicine - Veterinary Medicine and Infectious Diseases - Veterinary Pathology - Veterinary Science - Zoonoses

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<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0319-7211>
Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.co.id/citations?user=eS3yVQQAAAAJ&hl=id>
Interest area: Animal Nutrition - Cattle Husbandry - Feed Supplements - Polymerase Chain Reaction - Poultry Husbandry - Probiotics

Ayman Abdel-Aziz Swelum - Professor of Theriogenology, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Zagazig University, Zagazig, Egypt; Department of Animal Production, College of Food and Agriculture Sciences, King Saud University, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia
<http://orcid.org/0000-0003-3247-5898>
Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=OZTI3poAAAAJ&hl=en>
Profile: <http://www.staffdata.zu.edu.eg/en/ShowData/18313>

<https://faculty.ksu.edu.sa/ar/aswelum>

Interest area: Animal Reproduction - Animal Production - Embryo transfer - Artificial Insemination

Mario Manuel Dinis Ginja Department of Veterinary Sciences, Center for Research and Agro-Environmental and Biological Technologies, University of Tras-os-Montes and Alto Douro, Portugal

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0464-7771>

Publons profile: <https://publons.com/researcher/1180094/mario-manuel-dinis-ginja/>

Interest area: Orthopaedics - Radiology (Diagnostic) - Sonography - Veterinary Medicine - Veterinary Science

Panagiotis E Simitzis - Laboratory of Animal Breeding and Husbandry, Department of Animal Science, Agricultural University of Athens, 75 Iera Odos, 11855, Athens, Greece

<http://orcid.org/0000-0002-1450-4037>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=14F6cAQAAAAJ&hl=en>

Interest area: Dietary Antioxidants - Feed Supplements - Animal Behaviour - Animal Welfare - Livestock Management - Poultry Husbandry - Sheep Husbandry - Swine Husbandry - Products' Quality Assessment

Gul Ahmad - Associate Professor of Biology (Tenured), Department of Natural Sciences, School of Arts & Sciences, Peru State College, Peru, Nebraska 68321, USA

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=WOIDNKUAAAAJ&hl=en>

Bartosz Kieronczyk - Poznan University of Life Sciences, Poznan, Greater Poland, Poland

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-6006-117X>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.pl/citations?user=SyprUmAAAAAJ&hl=en>

Interest area: Animal Nutrition - Animal Science - Antimicrobial resistance - Aquaculture - Feed Supplements - Livestock Management - Livestock Products Technology - Microbiology - Physiology - Poultry Science - Waste Management of Agro Products

Alberto Elmi - University of Bologna, Ozzano dell'Emilia, Bologna, Italy

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7827-5034>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.it/citations?user=ej4LzNgAAAAJ&hl=it>

Interest area: Animal Reproduction - Laboratory Animal Research - Laboratory Medicine - Physiology - Swine Medicine - Wildlife

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Suresh H. Basagoudanavar - FMD Vaccine Research Laboratory, Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Bangalore- 560024, Karnataka, India

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7714-3120>

ResearchGate profile: <https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Suresh-Basagoudanavar>

Interest area: Biotechnology - Immunology - Virology

Gyanendra Gongal - Senior Public Health Officer (Food safety, zoonoses and One Health). World Health Emergency Programme, WHO Regional Office for south East Asia, New Delhi, India

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6539-7569> Google Scholar profile:

<https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=XNCypDcAAAAJ&hl=en>

Interest area: Public Health - Zoonoses - One Health

Md. Tanvir Rahman - Department of Microbiology and Hygiene, Faculty of Veterinary Science, Bangladesh Agricultural University, Mymensingh-2202, Bangladesh

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5432-480X>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=vp6xgh0AAAAJ&hl=en>

<https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=vp6xgh0AAAAJ&hl=en>

Interest area: Antimicrobial resistance - Virulence-Food hygiene- Public Health - Vaccine - One Health

Fouad Kasim Mohammad - Professor Emeritus, Pharmacology & Toxicology, College of Veterinary Medicine, University of Mosul, Mosul, Iraq

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=zgCIA4UAAAAJ&hl=en>

<https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=zgCIA4UAAAAJ&hl=en>

Interest area: Pharmacology - Toxicology

Joao Simoes - Universidade de Tras-os-Montes e Alto Douro, Vila Real, Portugal

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4997-3933>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=ftLFW-sAAAAJ&hl=en>

Interest area: Large Animal Medicine - Mastitis - Reproductive medicine - Veterinary Medicine

Abdelaziz ED-DRA - Department of Biology, Faculty of Science, Moulay Ismail University, BP. 11201 Zitoune, Meknes, Morocco

<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3273-1767>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=ftL-1V0AAAAJ&hl=en>

Interest area: Antimicrobial resistance - Clinical Microbiology - Food - Food/Meat Hygiene - Polymerase Chain Reaction

Filippo Giarratana - Department of Veterinary Medicine, University of Messina, Polo Universitario dell'Annunziata, 98168 Messina, Italy

<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0892-4884>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=lut-WbIAAAAAJ&hl=it>

Interest area: Antimicrobial resistance - Bacteriology - Food/Meat Hygiene - Plant Science - Essential oils

Eduardo Jorge Boeri - Institute of Zoonosis Luis Pasteur, Buenos Aires, Argentina

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8535-0306>

Google Scholar profile: https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=aerl_4oAAAAJ&hl=en&oi=sra

https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=aerl_4oAAAAJ&hl=en&oi=sra

Interest area: Brucellosis - Microbiology - Veterinary Medicine - Veterinary Public Health - Zoonoses

Kumar Venkitanarayanan - Graduate Programs Chair, Honors and Pre-Vet Programs Advisor, Department of Animal Science, University of Connecticut, Storrs, CT 06269, USA

Google Scholar profile: [https://scholar.google.com/citations?](https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=en&user=Nr9CY28AAAAJ)

[hl=en&user=Nr9CY28AAAAJ](https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=en&user=Nr9CY28AAAAJ)

Interest area: Bacteriology - Clinical Microbiology - Infectious Diseases - Veterinary Medicine

Karim El-Sabrou - Poultry Production Department, Alexandria University, Alexandria, Egypt

<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2762-2363>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=en&user=q-1jH8AAAAAJ>

Interest area: Poultry Husbandry

Ali Aygun - Selçuk University, Agriculture Faculty, Department of Animal Science, Konya, TURKEY

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0546-3034>

Google Scholar profile: [https://scholar.google.com/citations?](https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=en&user=nZsp5iAAAAAJ)

[hl=en&user=nZsp5iAAAAAJ](https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=en&user=nZsp5iAAAAAJ)

Interest area: Poultry Husbandry - Poultry Medicine

Ionel D. Bondoc - Associate Professor, Department of Public Health, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Iasi, University of Life Sciences "Ion Ionescu de la Brad" Iasi, Romania

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-5958-7649>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.ro/citations?user=-dUf6oYAAAAJ&hl=ro>

Publons Profile: <https://publons.com/researcher/741287/ionel-bondoc/>

Interest area: Dairy Science - Epidemiology - Food Science - Food Technology - Food Law - One Health - Parasitology - Meat Inspection - Pathogens - Foodborne Diseases - Food Toxicology - Veterinary Public Health - Wildlife Diseases - Zoonoses

Liliana Aguilar-Marcelino - National Center for Disciplinary Research in Animal Health and Safety, National Institute for Agricultural and Livestock Forestry Research, Mexico

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8944-5430>

Google Scholar profile: [https://scholar.google.ro/citations?](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=ZbMMP-UAAAAJ)

[hl=ro&user=ZbMMP-UAAAAJ](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=ZbMMP-UAAAAJ)

Interest area: Biology - Ethnoveterinary - Parasitology - Veterinary Medicine - Veterinary Public Health

Anut Chantiratikul - Department of Agricultural Technology, Faculty of Technology, Mahasarakham University, Muang, Mahasarakham Province 44150 Thailand

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8313-5802>

Google Scholar profile: [https://scholar.google.ro/citations?](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=QogjWpgAAAAJ)

[hl=ro&user=QogjWpgAAAAJ](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=QogjWpgAAAAJ)

Interest area: Biology - Animal Nutrition

Nuh Kilic - Department of Surgery, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Adnan Menderes University, Turkey

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8452-161X>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.ro/citations?>

hl=ro&user=APVrx1cAAAAJ

Interest area: Large Animal Medicine - Surgery - Veterinary Medicine

Hanna Markiewicz - Milk Examination Laboratory, Kazimierz Wielki

University in Bydgoszcz, Poland

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8225-0481>

ResearchGate profile: <https://www.researchgate.net/scientific-contributions/H-Markiewicz-10381112>

Interest area: Large Animal Medicine - Mastitis

N. De Briyne - Federation of Veterinarians of Europe, Brussels, Belgium

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2348-930X>

Google Scholar profile: [https://scholar.google.ro/citations?](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=BOhfORAAAAAJ)

hl=ro&user=BOhfORAAAAAJ

Interest area: Animal Science - Antimicrobial resistance

Hasan Meydan - Akdeniz University, Faculty of Agriculture, Antalya, Turkey

<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4681-2525>

Google Scholar profile: [https://scholar.google.ro/citations?](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=T2uHga0AAAAJ)

hl=ro&user=T2uHga0AAAAJ

Interest area: Biotechnology - Genetics - Veterinary Medicine

Suleyman Cilek - Kirikkale Universitesi, Kirikkale, kirikkale, Turkey

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2352-649X>

ResearchGate profile: <https://www.researchgate.net/scientific-contributions/Suleyman-Cilek-2092525513>

Interest area: Animal Nutrition - Animal Nutrition - Animal Reproduction - Animal Reproduction - Animal Reproduction - Breeding - Cattle Husbandry - Cattle/buffalo management - Equine Medicine - Genetics - Livestock Management - Mastitis - Molecular Genetics - Poultry Husbandry - Poultry Husbandry - Sheep Husbandry - Sheep Husbandry - Small Animal Medicine - Swine Husbandry - Veterinary Medicine

Rodrigo Alberto Jerez Ebensperger - University of Zaragoza, Spain

Interest area: Animal Reproduction - Artificial Insemination - Biotechnology - Breeding - Embryo Transfer Technology - Equine Medicine - Large Animal Medicine - Livestock Management - Small Animal Medicine - Veterinary Medicine - Wildlife

Parag Nigam - Department of Wildlife Health Management, Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun, India

ResearchGate profile: <https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Parag-Nigam>

Interest area: Veterinary Medicine - Veterinary Public Health - Wildlife - Zoonoses

Alessandra Pelagalli - Department of Advanced Biomedical Sciences, University of Naples Federico II, Italy

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1133-4300>

Google Scholar profile: [https://scholar.google.ro/citations?](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=T1iZqmMAAAAJ)

hl=ro&user=T1iZqmMAAAAJ

Interest area: Physiology

Jamal Gharekhani - Senior researcher, Iranian Veterinary Organization (IVO), Hamedan, Iran

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5882-8861>

Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=vlhjoBEAAAAJ>
Interest area: Parasitology - Pathobiology - Veterinary Public Health

Ipsita Mohanty - Postdoctoral Research Fellow, Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Research Institute, (CHOP), Philadelphia
<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0894-4770>
Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=anWIO7IAAAAAJ>
Interest area: Pharmacology - Toxicology - Physiology - Cardiology

Alejandro Hidalgo - Preclinical Science Department, Faculty of Medicine, Universidad de La Frontera, Temuco, Chile
<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2247-4878>
Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=5vejgSAAAAAJ>
Interest area: Zoonotic parasitic diseases - Parasite phylogeny - Zoology - Parasitology

Hua-Ji Qiu - Professor, Harbin Veterinary Research Institute (HVRI), Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences (CAAS), Harbin, Heilongjiang, 150069, P.R. China
<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4880-5687>
Profile:
http://www.hvri.ac.cn/zzjg/cxtd/zlxzrbcxtd/sx_20180726100149743651/index.htm
Interest area: Classical swine fever - African swine fever - Pseudorabies - Innate and adaptive immunity - Virus-host interactions - Pathogenesis - Epidemiology - Vaccines - Diagnostic assays - Probiotics

Hasria Alang - Biology Lecturer at STKIP-PI Makassar, Makassar, Indonesia
<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9393-9575>
Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=NpwjancAAAAJ>
Interest area: Microbiology - Molecular Biology

Belgin Siriken - Professor, Department of Water Products Diseases, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Ondokuz Mayıs University, Kurupelit Campus, 55200 Samsun, Turkey
<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-5793-1792>
Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=JpuWvaUAAAAJ>
Interest area: Food - Food science - Food Technology - Food borne diseases - Antibiotic resistance - One Health - Veterinary Public Health

Hussein Awad Hussein - Professor of Internal Veterinary Medicine, Department of Animal Medicine, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Assiut University, Assiut 71526, Egypt
<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0449-8283>
Google Scholar profile: <https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=oJySPI8AAAAJ>
Interest area: Internal Medicine - Spectrophotometry - Ultrasonography - Parasitological analysis - Blood gas analysis - Metabolic profiling - Veterinary Medicine - Large Animal Medicine - Equine Medicine - Mastitis

Tanko Polycarp Nwunuji - Senior lecturer, Department of Veterinary Microbiology and Pathology, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Jos, Plateau State, Nigeria

<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1459-2564>

Google Scholar profile: [https://scholar.google.ro/citations?](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=MD7ehVwAAAAJ)

[hl=ro&user=MD7ehVwAAAAJ](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=MD7ehVwAAAAJ)

Interest area: Clinical and Anatomic Pathology - Oncology - Fisheries with special interest in bacterial diseases of fishes and other diseases associated with aquaculture management - Diseases of small and large ruminants - Laboratory animal medicine - Diseases of Dogs, horses and pigs as well as non-infectious diseases such as Diabetes and stress-induced pathologies

Md. Ahaduzzaman - Associate Professor, Department of Medicine and Surgery, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Chittagong Veterinary and Animal Sciences University, Bangladesh

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0568-0506>

Google Scholar profile: [https://scholar.google.ro/citations?](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=u6x_8FkAAAAJ)

[hl=ro&user=u6x_8FkAAAAJ](https://scholar.google.ro/citations?hl=ro&user=u6x_8FkAAAAJ)

Interest area: Antimicrobial resistance - Infectious Diseases - Poultry Medicine - Veterinary Medicine - Veterinary Microbiology and Parasitology - Veterinary Public Health - Veterinary Science - Meta-analysis - Phylogenetic analysis

Vanessa S. Cruz - Professor, Department of Veterinary Medicine, Catholic University Center of East Minas (Unileste), Avenue President Tancredo de Almeida Neves, 3500, University District, Coronel Fabriciano - MG, Brazil

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8914-5964>

Profile: <http://lattes.cnpq.br/8788967925940484>

Interest area: Cancer - Molecular Biology - Veterinary Medicine - Veterinary Pathology - Small Animal Clinic and Surgery (oncology, geriatrics, breeding and behavior of dogs and cats)

R.Umaya Suganthi - Principal Scientist, ICAR-National Institute of Animal Nutrition and Physiology (ICAR-NIANP), Government of India, Bangalore 560 030, Karnataka, India

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7710-6271>

Google Scholar Profile: [https://scholar.google.co.in/citations?](https://scholar.google.co.in/citations?user=6VEZ7XMAAAAJ&hl=en)

[user=6VEZ7XMAAAAJ&hl=en](https://scholar.google.co.in/citations?user=6VEZ7XMAAAAJ&hl=en)

Interest area: Antimicrobial resistance - Antibiotic growth promoters in poultry and their alternatives - Phytochemicals - Oxidative stress and antioxidants - Mycotoxin toxicity and amelioration - Selenium and selenoproteins

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Editorial Office

Veterinary World Star, Gulshan Park, NH-8A, Chandrapur Road,

Wankaner - 363621, Dist. Morbi (Gujarat), India

E-mail: editorveterinaryworld@gmail.com

Website: www.veterinaryworld.org

Editor-in-Chief

Dr. Anjum V. Sherasiya

E-mail: editorveterinaryworld@gmail.com

Publisher: Veterinary World, E-mail: veterinaryworldpublisher@gmail.com

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August 2021, Vol.14 No.8**Research (Published online: 03-08-2021)****1. Effects of ethanol extract of curry leaves (*Murraya koenigii*) on HER2 and caspase-3 expression in rat model mammary carcinoma**

Siti Aisyah, Ekowati Handharyani, Nurliani Bermawie and Agus Setiyono

Veterinary World, 14(8): 1988-1994

[Abstract \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/1.html\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/1.html)[PDF \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/1.pdf\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/1.pdf)**Research (Published online: 03-08-2021)****2. Association of the *KiSS1* gene with litter size in Cyprus and Iraqi black goats**

M. A. Rahawy and Hayder Abdul-Kareem AL-Mutar

Veterinary World, 14(8): 1995-2001

[Abstract \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/2.html\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/2.html)[PDF \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/2.pdf\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/2.pdf)**Research (Published online: 04-08-2021)****3. Biochemical, electrolytic, and cardiovascular evaluations in cats with urethral obstruction**

Darlan Henrique Canei, Mariana Elisa Pereira, Maria Natália de Freitas, Yolanda Paim Arruda Trevisan, Carolina Zorzo, Juliano Bortolini, Adriane Jorge Mendonça, Valéria Régia Franco Sousa and Arleana do Bom Parto Ferreira de Almeida

Veterinary World, 14(8): 2002-2008

[Abstract \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/3.html\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/3.html)[PDF \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/3.pdf\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/3.pdf)**Research (Published online: 05-08-2021)****4. The effect of activated silicon dioxide and betaine supplementation on quails' growth and productivity**

Adi Ratriyanto, Sigit Prastowo and Nuzul Widyas

Veterinary World, 14(8): 2009-2015

[Abstract \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/4.html\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/4.html)[PDF \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/4.pdf\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/4.pdf)**Research (Published online: 06-08-2021)****5. Suppressive effect of goat bile in *Plasmodium berghei* ANKA infection in mice**

Heny Arwati, Ramadhani R. Bahalwan, Windya T. Hapsari, Kartika A. Wardhani, Kholida N. Aini, Putu I. B. Apsari and Puspa Wardhani

Veterinary World, 14(8): 2016-2022

[Abstract \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/5.html\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/5.html)

[PDF \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/5.pdf\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/5.pdf)

Research (Published online: 06-08-2021)

6. Prevalence of anti-leptospiral antibodies and frequency distribution of *Leptospira* serovars in small ruminants in enzootic South Peninsular India

Vinayagamurthy Balamurugan, Anusha Alamuri, Kirubakaran Vinod Kumar, Bibitha Varghese, Gurrappanaidu Govindaraj, Divakar Hemadri and Parimal Roy

Veterinary World, 14(8): 2023-2030

[Abstract \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/6.html\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/6.html)

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Research (Published online: 07-08-2021)

7. Biological and molecular characterization of a sheep pathogen isolate of *Mannheimia haemolytica* and leukotoxin production kinetics

Dounia Bkiri, Noha Semmate, Zineb Boumart, Najete Safini, Fatima Zohra Fakri, Zahra Bamouh, Khalid Omari Tadlaoui, Siham Fellahi, Noursaid Tligui, Ouafaa Fassi Fihri and Mehdi El Harrak

Veterinary World, 14(8): 2031-2040

[Abstract \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/7.html\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/7.html)

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Research (Published online: 09-08-2021)

8. Seroprevalence of bovine coronavirus and factors associated with the serological status in dairy cattle in the western region of Thailand

Samnang Ven, Pipat Arunvipas, Preeda Lertwatcharasarakul and Niorn Ratanapob

Veterinary World, 14(8): 2041-2047

[Abstract \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/8.html\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/8.html)

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Research (Published online: 09-08-2021)

9. Determination of zearalenone in raw milk from different provinces of Ecuador

Byron Puga-Torres, Miguel Cáceres-Chicó, Denisse Alarcón-Vásconez and Carlos Gómez

Veterinary World, 14(8): 2048-2054

[Abstract \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/9.html\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/9.html)

[PDF \(http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/9.pdf\)](http://www.veterinaryworld.org/Vol.14/August-2021/9.pdf)

Research (Published online: 10-08-2021)**10. Intra-articular injection in the hind limb joints of dromedary camels (*Camelus dromedarius*) using anatomical and arthrographic-guided landmarks**

Fahd Al-Sobayil, Madeh A. Sadan, Elsayed A. El-Shafaey and Jamal Allouch
Veterinary World, 14(8): 2055-2063

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Wound healing potential of human umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cell conditioned medium: An *in vitro* and *in vivo* study in diabetes-induced rats

Siufui Hendrawan^{1,2}, Yuyus Kusnadi³, Christine Ayu Lagonda³, Dilafitria Fauza³, Jennifer Lheman², Erwin Budi², Brian Saputra Manurung², Hans Ulrich Baer^{4,5} and Sukmawati Tansil Tan⁶

1. Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Faculty of Medicine, Tarumanagara University, 11440, Jakarta, Indonesia; 2. Tarumanagara Human Cell Technology Laboratory, Tarumanagara University, 11440, Jakarta, Indonesia; 3. Stem Cell Division, Stem Cell and Cancer Institute, PT. Kalbe Farma, Tbk., 10510, Jakarta, Indonesia; 4. Baermed, Centre of Abdominal Surgery, Hirslanden Clinic, 2501, Zürich, Switzerland; 5. Department of Visceral and Transplantation Surgery, University of Bern, 3012, Bern, Switzerland; 6. Department of Dermatovenereology, Faculty of Medicine, Tarumanagara University, 11440, Jakarta, Indonesia.

Corresponding author: Siufui Hendrawan, e-mail: siufui@gmail.com

Co-authors: YK: yuyus.kusnadi@kalbe.co.id, CAL: christine.lagonda@gmail.com, DF: dilafitria.fauza@kalbe.co.id, JL: jenlheman@hotmail.com, EB: erwinblankk@gmail.com, BSM: manurung.brian@gmail.com, HUB: hans.baer@baermed.ch, STT: dr.sukmawatitansilspkk@gmail.com

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Abstract

Background and Aim: Human umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cells (hUC-MSCs) and its conditioned medium (CM) promote wound healing. This study investigated the wound healing potential of hUC-MSC CM *in vitro* and *in vivo* using diabetic animal models.

Materials and Methods: The CM from hUC-MSC CM prepared under hypoxic conditions (hypoxic hUC-MSC) was evaluated for stimulating rat fibroblast growth, collagen production (*in vitro*), and wound healing in animal models (*in vivo*). An excision wound on the dorsal side of the diabetes-induced rats was established, and the rats were randomly divided into non-treatment, antibiotic, and hypoxic hUC-MSC CM groups. The cell number of fibroblasts and collagen secretion was evaluated and compared among the groups in an *in vitro* study. By contrast, wound size reduction, width of re-epithelialization, and the collagen formation area were assessed and compared among the groups in an *in vivo* study.

Results: CM under hypoxic conditions contained a higher concentration of wound healing-related growth factors. Hypoxic hUC-MSC CM could facilitate fibroblast cell growth and collagen synthesis, although not significant compared with the control group. Re-epithelialization and collagen production were higher in the hUC-MSC CM group than in the antibiotic and non-treatment groups.

Conclusion: Hypoxic hUC-MSC CM possessed more positive effects on the wound healing process based on re-epithelialization and collagen formation than antibiotic treatment did.

Keywords: conditioned medium, diabetic induced rat, human umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cells, wound healing.

Introduction

Chronic wounds have become a global public health challenge. Unlike acute wounds, which heal without significant interventions, chronic wounds give major challenges to patients and doctors. There are varying etiologies of chronic wounds, and one of them is diabetes [1]. The prevalence of patients with diabetes worldwide is predicted to rise by 5.4% (300 million) by 2025 [2]. Ulcer in patients with diabetes is common, and diabetic foot ulcer in patients is a severe and complex case [3]. Diabetic foot ulcers

significantly influence the quality of life of patients, including limited and reduced mobility, diminished income, loss of job, and spending more to visit a physician or clinic for care [4]. Diabetes influences many aspects of life in patients, such as health, social, and economy. In the economic aspect, the cost of managing patients with diabetes with a lower extremity ulcer has a more economic burden than diabetic patients without ulcers [5]. Alternative solutions are needed to overcome the severe impacts that arise from diabetes, especially diabetic-related wounds. A diabetic wound is associated with decreased peripheral blood flow. Impaired angiogenesis and neovascularization result in insufficient oxygen and nutrient supply for the cells, leading to further impaired healing. Healing deficiency of diabetic wounds can be attributed to other factors, including decreased production of growth factors and reduced revascularization. A diabetic wound is challenging to treat and requires comprehensive

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procedures. The standard management of diabetic wounds includes surgical debridement, vascular assessment, infection treatment, and glycemic control. Even with holistic approaches, adjuvant therapies are still needed to improve healing times [6,7].

Wound repair processes do not work smoothly in chronic wounds, like diabetic ulcers, because of several factors such as microbial infection [8], biofilm formation [9], and excessive inflammatory phase [10]. Recently, stem cells have been proven to have therapeutic potential. Mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs) are multipotent nonhematopoietic progenitor cells that show great promise for tissue regeneration. MSCs isolated from the umbilical cord and its conditioned medium (CM) can be easily obtained and refined compared to stem cells from other sources [11,12]. MSCs play a key role in three stages of the wound healing process and promote fibroblast migration during re-epithelialization [13]. The main concern in wound repair is inflammation. This concern can be solved by MSC characteristics that could reduce wound inflammation by repressing the proliferation of host T-cells [14,15]. The use of human umbilical cord-derived MSCs for tissue repair provides some advantages compared with other sources of MSCs, including cost-effectiveness, easy isolation process, low invasiveness, and low immunogenicity [16]. In addition, human umbilical cord-derived MSCs have other main characteristics, such as high proliferative ability and oxidative stress protein expression [17]. The previous studies demonstrated that umbilical cord MSCs have superior wound-healing capability either in an *in vitro* study [18] or in diabetic rats (*in vivo* study) [19]. Human umbilical cord MSCs (hUC-MSCs) were superior to fibroblasts in stimulating diabetic wound healing, marked by higher cell proliferation, collagen synthesis, and glycosaminoglycan level [20]. Another study also reported the efficacy of hUC-MSCs in stimulating cutaneous healing in burned rats [21]. Both UC-MSC and their CM were beneficial to diabetic wound healing, and in the context of wound healing application, CM is better than the cell itself [12].

As reported in a previous study, stem cells have essential roles in tissue regeneration conferred by its secreted paracrine factors, known as the secretome [22]. The secretome is defined as various molecules secreted from stem cells, such as cytokines, chemokines, and growth factors [23]. These molecules are secreted into the cell culture medium called CM [22]. Dressing and topical products, including topical antiseptic and antimicrobial application, are adjuvant therapies that are commonly used for diabetic foot ulcer care [3]. However, dressing and topical products might have limitations in curing diabetic foot ulcers. Furthermore, no studies have reported the efficacy comparison of hUC-MSC CM with antibiotics in wound repair.

Therefore, this study was conducted to evaluate the effect of hUC-MSC CM that was prepared

under hypoxic conditions in stimulating rat fibroblast growth and collagen production (*in vitro* study) and to evaluate the treatment effect of hypoxic hUC-MSC CM on wound healing in diabetes-induced rats compared to antibiotic treatment (*in vivo* study).

Materials and Methods

Ethical approval

Animal experiments in this study were approved by Institutional Animal Care and Use Committees (IACUC) (001.KEPH/UPPM/FK/IV/2019) of the Faculty of Medicine, Tarumanagara University. Surgical procedures for obtaining the fibroblast were conducted according to protocols approved by the Tarumanagara University IACUC, with IACUC approval number 003.KEPH/UPPM/FK/VI/2019.

Study period and location

The study was conducted from May 2019 to June 2020 at Tarumanagara Human Cell Technology Laboratory, Faculty of Medicine, Tarumanagara University, Indonesia.

hUC-MSC CM preparation

Human umbilical cord isolation

Fresh umbilical cords were collected after obtaining parental consent. The umbilical cords were washed with phosphate-buffered saline containing antibiotic-antimycotic (Ab-Am) solution before isolation. Veins and arteries were carefully removed from the umbilical cord. The Wharton jelly of the umbilical cord was then cut into small pieces and carefully placed on a 100-mm culture dish, which was filled with cell culture medium consisting of alpha minimum essential medium (α MEM; Gibco by Life Technologies, Grand Island, NY, USA) supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS; Gibco by Life Technologies) and 1% Ab-Am (Gibco by Life Technologies). For 21 d, MSC was migrated out from the umbilical cord tissue and harvested for further expansion.

Identification of MSCs

Immunophenotyping assay was conducted to ensure that the characteristic of the MSCs was in accordance with the International Society for Cell and Gene Therapy (ISCT) guidelines [24]. The surface markers CD73, CD105, and CD90, conjugated with phycoerythrin (R and D Systems), were used to stain MSCs. The assay used flow cytometry (FACS Calibur, BD, USA), and the analysis used CellQuest Pro software. The minimum acceptance criteria were 95% for all positive markers [24].

hUC-MSC CM production

MSCs isolated from the umbilical cord were cultured until passage 6 (P6) in a T175 flask (Corning). The culture medium was deprived and replaced with basal medium with no supplement addition after reaching 70%–80% confluence and then incubated at 37°C in a 5% CO₂ incubator with two oxygen conditions: normoxic (21% O₂) and hypoxic (5% O₂). After 72 h of incubation, the hUC-MSC CM was collected and

stored in a deep freezer (-80°C) for long-term storage. hUC-MSCs were isolated and cultured at the Stem Cell and Cancer Institute Laboratory, Jakarta, Indonesia.

Quantification of basic fibroblast growth factor (bFGF), vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), and pro-collagen 1 as wound healing-related paracrine factors

Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) was performed to quantify paracrine factors secreted by MSCs related to wound healing, such as bFGF, VEGF, and pro-collagen 1 (R and D Systems). The procedure was performed according to the manufacturer's instructions, and the analysis was performed using four-parameter logistic software.

In vitro study

Rat fibroblast cell growth

Primary rat dermal fibroblasts were used for the *in vitro* study. MSCs (passage 5–6) cultured under hypoxic conditions for 72 h were used to produce the hUC-MSC CM. In addition, rat fibroblasts were obtained from donor rats. One male 12-week-old *Sprague–Dawley* rat (National Agency of Drug and Food Control, Jakarta) was used as a fibroblast donor. Fibroblasts were isolated from the rat's skin as described previously [25]. Fibroblasts at a density of 5×10^5 cells/well were seeded into 24-well plates ($n=3$) and then cultured in Dulbecco's modified Eagle medium (DMEM; Gibco by Life Technologies) supplemented with 10% (v/v) FBS and 1 mL of penicillin/streptomycin ($1 \times$). hUC-MSC CM was added to the media culture with two concentrations, namely, 0.5% and 1%. As a control, the same number of fibroblasts was seeded into wells and cultivated in the media without adding the hUC-MSC CM. Cells were incubated at 37°C in 5% CO_2 for 24 h. The cell number was analyzed using the Cell Counting Kit-8 (CCK-8) viability assay (Sigma Aldrich, USA) and measured in a Multiskan reader at a wavelength (λ) of 450 nm (Multiskan Ex, Thermo Scientific, USA).

Analysis of collagen production on rat fibroblasts

Collagen production by fibroblasts was measured using rat type I collagen ELISA kit (Elabscience Biotechnology Inc., China). Fibroblasts (5×10^5 cells/well) were seeded into 24-well plates, cultivated in Dulbecco's modified eagle medium (Gibco) supplemented with 10% (v/v) FBS and 1 mL of penicillin/streptomycin ($1 \times$), and incubated at 37°C in 5% CO_2 for 24 h. The procedure was performed according to the manufacturer's instructions. The rat fibroblast collagen concentration was obtained using an ELISA reader at a wavelength (λ) of 450 nm.

In vivo study

Rat skin-wound healing model and induction of diabetes in rats

Nine adult male, 14-week-old *Sprague–Dawley* rats weighing 150–180 g were obtained from the

National Agency of Drug and Food Control, Jakarta, Indonesia. Before the experimental procedures, the animals were acclimatized to the laboratory conditions. They were allowed free access to standard laboratory food and water and housed individually in cages in a controlled environment ($23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$, 30–70% humidity, and a 12:12 h light: dark cycle). For diabetes induction, the rats were rendered diabetic 1 week before treatment by a single-dose intraperitoneal injection of streptozotocin (STZ) (50 mg/kg body weight; Selleck Chemicals). Blood glucose was checked 48 h post-injection, and blood samples were obtained from the tail vein of the animals for glucose assay. The rats were considered diabetic if three days after the STZ injection, the non-fasting blood glucose was more than 200 mg/dL and presented with at least 3 days of persistent hyperglycemia.

The diabetes-induced rats were randomized and divided into the following three treatment groups ($n=3$): Which were non-treatment (without any medication), antibiotics (topical medication with bactoderm mupirocin ointment 2%, Ikapharmindo Putramas, Indonesia), and hUC-MSC CM groups (intra-dermal injection with 0.5 mL of undiluted CM on a peripheral wound). For the experimental procedure, the rats were weighed and anesthetized by intraperitoneal administration of ketamine 10% INJ (Kepro B.V, Holland; 40–80 mg/kg body weight) and xylazine 2% (Interchemie werken "De Adelaar" B.V. Metaalweg 8 Venray, Holland; 5–10 mg/kg body weight). Then, the hair on the backside was shaved and disinfected. The skin on the dorsal area of the rats was punctured using an 8-mm skin punch, with each rat having two ulcer wounds and receiving different treatments. After the procedure, wounds were closed with Tegaderm (3M Nexcare) and fixed with a suture at 3–4 points. Hypafix (Essity, Healthcare 21 Group, Ref. 71442-03) was added to secure the Tegaderm. Three wounds per treatment were analyzed in this study. The wound observations, photos, and measurements were conducted at three endpoints: 0, 7, and 14 d post-skin puncture. The percentage of wound closure was calculated using the equation: percentage of wound closure (%) = $(A_0 - A_t) / A_0 \times 100\%$, where A_0 is the wound area at Day 0 and A_t is the wound area at 7 or 14 d post-skin puncture.

Histopathological analysis

All *Sprague–Dawley* rats were euthanized at 14 d post-skin puncture. Skin specimens from the wound site were dissected and collected. Specimens were fixed in 10% formalin and sent to the Pathology and Anatomy Laboratory, Primate Research Center, Bogor Agricultural University, for further examinations, including re-epithelialization with hematoxylin and eosin (HE) staining and collagen formation area measurement with Masson's trichrome staining. HE staining and MT staining were performed according to Sheehan and Hrapchak [26]. Tissue sections

were observed and captured using a Nikon Eclipse 80i microscope to evaluate re-epithelialization and collagen-deposited areas. Furthermore, the width of re-epithelialization and collagen-deposited areas was analyzed using the ImageJ software.

Statistical analysis

All data were presented as mean±SD. The differences between the two independent groups were analyzed by Mann–Whitney and Kruskal–Wallis tests to analyze the differences among the three independent groups. Statistical analysis was conducted using SPSS v.23, with a 95% confidence interval. Values were considered statistically significant at $p < 0.05$.

Results

hUC-MSC characteristics

The human MSCs obtained from umbilical cord primary isolation were 1×10^5 cells and expanded from passage 0-6. Culture expansion used a cell density of 7×10^3 cells/cm² as the seeding concentration standard. hUC-MSC morphology was like a spindle-shaped fibroblast (Figure-1), and the size of the MSC was approximately 120 µm. There was no significant change shown by MSCs based on their morphology throughout culturing.

MSCs expressed markers CD73, CD90, and CD105 and did not express hematopoietic markers such as CD34, CD45, CD14, and CD19. The flow cytometry results confirmed that the cells used were MSCs, with values of all positive markers above 95% and negative markers under 2% (Table-1). The

Table-1: Marker analysis of obtained mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs) from human umbilical cord.

Markers	Population percentage
CD105	99.47
CD73	99.26
CD90	99.52
CD14	0
CD45	0.26
CD19	1.47

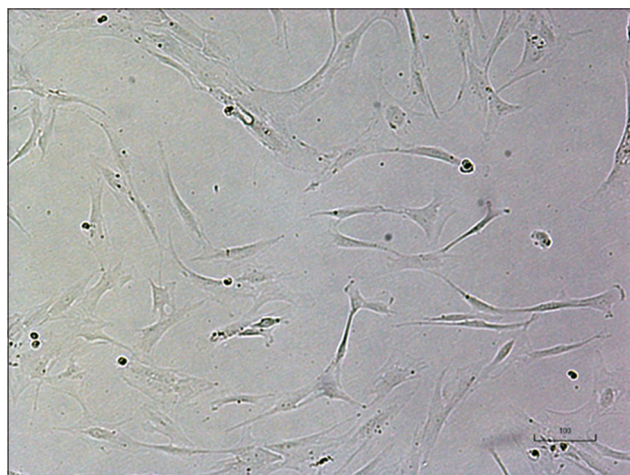


Figure-1: Microscopic Appearance of human umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cells (passage 5) with magnification 400×. Scale bar: 100 µm.

surface epitopes are considered MSC-specific markers according to the ISCT [24].

Pro-collagen, VEGF, and bFGF Content in hUC-MSC CM

We used passage six cells for CM production because of their defined characters of MSC. The MSC cells were cultured with MEM-Alpha without an additional growth supplement after reaching 70-80% confluence. The MSC cells were further incubated for 72 h to allow the secretion of the secretome. To investigate the favorable condition of secretome secretion, we placed the MSCs under two conditions (normoxic [21% O₂] and hypoxic [5% O₂]). The CM was stored in a deep freezer to maintain the stability of its protein content for long-term storage. On the basis of the ELISA results of CM from normoxic and hypoxic hUC-MSC, it can be concluded that there were concentration differences for all types of secreted protein between the two conditions (Figure-2). In CM from hUC-MSC hypoxic conditions, VEGF, bFGF, and pro-collagen 1 concentrations were higher than those in normoxic conditions. Furthermore, in CM from the hUC-MSC normoxic conditions, VEGF was not secreted, whereas, in CM from the hypoxic condition, it was secreted more than 2 ng/mL. In line with these results, bFGF and pro-collagen 1 secretions were highly secreted under hypoxic conditions. These results indicate that the incubation of hUC-MSCs under hypoxic conditions was stimulated to secrete more VEGF, bFGF, and pro-collagen 1. CM from hypoxic hUC-MSC was used in further *in vitro* and *in vivo* trials based on these results.

Cell growth of rat fibroblast

Fibroblasts were treated with two concentrations of hypoxic hUC-MSC CM (0.5% and 1%) to observe cell growth and function. The cell number of fibroblasts treated with CM 1% at 24 h after cell seeding was higher than the cell numbers of those treated with CM 0.5% and untreated. However, the mean cell number of the three groups did not differ significantly (control group: $1.34 \times 10^6 \pm 2.83 \times 10^4$; CM 0.5% group: $1.38 \times 10^6 \pm 3.38 \times 10^4$; CM 1% group: $1.40 \times 10^6 \pm 1.02 \times 10^5$) (Figure-3a). Although the results showed that a higher concentration of hypoxic

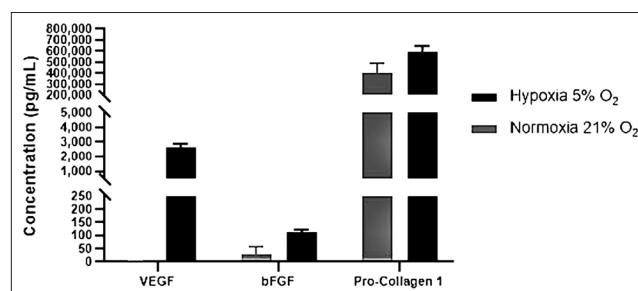


Figure-2: Vascular endothelial growth factor, basic fibroblast growth factor, and pro-collagen 1 amount produced from human umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cells cultured in normoxic and hypoxic conditions. Data show mean±SD.

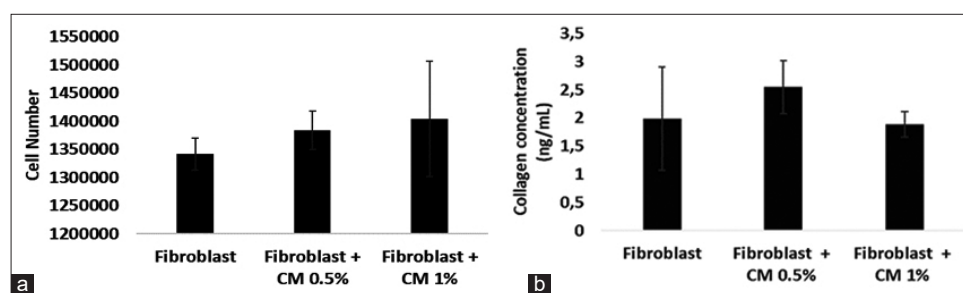


Figure-3: (a) Cell number of fibroblasts treated with two different concentrations of conditioned medium (CM) and (b) collagen concentration secreted from fibroblast post-treated with human umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cells CM 0.5% and 1% concentrations ($n=3$). Data show mean \pm SD.

hUC-MSC CM might better facilitate fibroblast growth, statistically, there was no significant difference in the cell number of the fibroblast (Figure-3a). These results showed that adding a certain concentration of CM did not significantly affect fibroblast cell growth.

Collagen secretion

To examine the effect of adding hypoxic hUC-MSC CM against fibroblast function in producing collagen, we also used two concentrations of CM. Hypoxic hUC-MSC CM (both 0.5% and 1%) showed improved collagen secretion than the control group did. However, the mean collagen concentration was not significantly different between groups (control group: 1.99 ± 0.91 ng/mL; CM 0.5% group: 2.55 ± 0.47 ng/mL; CM 1% group: 1.89 ± 0.23 ng/mL) (Figure-3b). Our study may indicate that collagen production did not strongly depend on CM, and the lower or higher concentration of CM did not significantly increase collagen production.

Wound healing observation in diabetic ulcer

The wound healing process was observed by re-epithelialization and newly synthesized collagen. In addition, different responses were observed between the non-treatment, antibiotic, and hypoxic hUC-MSC CM groups. Our preliminary experiment showed that CM obtained from hypoxic hUC-MSC showed a superior effect in wound healing compared with that from normoxic hUC-MSC. On the basis of these findings, we treated the wound with CM of MSCs cultivated under hypoxic conditions. As hypothesized, the hypoxic hUC-MSC CM demonstrated wound healing potential in diabetic animal models, both in macroscopic (Figure-4a) and microscopic observations (Figure-5).

At the macroscopic observation, the hypoxic hUC-MSC CM group demonstrated faster wound closure post-skin puncture. Figure-4b showed the highest wound closure percentage on wounds treated with hypoxic hUC-MSC CM ($37.5\pm 0\%$) after 7 d post-skin puncture compared with the antibiotic ($20.83\pm 19.09\%$) and non-treatment groups ($20.83\pm 19.09\%$). The hypoxic hUC-MSC CM treated wound showed better and faster wound closure than that treated with an antibiotic and untreated

wound at 7 d post-skin puncture. The hypoxic hUC-MSC CM group had the same wound closure percentage ($75\pm 12.5\%$) as that with the antibiotic group ($75\pm 0\%$) and had a higher wound closure percentage than that with the non-treatment group ($62.5\pm 12.5\%$) at 14 d post-skin puncture (Figure-4a). The wound closure percentage in wounds treated with hypoxic hUC-MSC CM was the same as that of the antibiotic group at 14 d, but still higher than that of the non-treatment group (Figure-4b).

The hypoxic hUC-MSC CM group exhibited the largest re-epithelialization area for microscopic observation compared with the antibiotic group (Figure-6a). Moreover, there was no re-epithelialization area found in the non-treatment group. In addition, the epithelium length (2806 ± 338 μ m) of the hypoxic UC-MSC CM group was 2.15-fold longer than the epithelium length of the antibiotic group (1303 ± 940 μ m) (Figure-6a). These results were also supported by the width of the collagen formation area data (Figure-6b). Correspondingly, the area of the newly generated collagen tissue in the hUC-MSC CM group ($29.03\times 10^4\pm 60.99\times 10^4$ μ m²) was five-fold wider than that in the antibiotic group ($57.93\times 10^4\pm 64.77\times 10^4$ μ m²) (Figure-6b). Altogether, these findings demonstrated that hypoxic hUC-MSC CM treatment showed a distinct effect to facilitate wound repair in our diabetic wound model.

Discussion

This study analyzed the efficacy of hypoxic hUC-MSC CM on wound healing of diabetic rats. We also performed antibiotic treatment for comparison. First, we confirmed that our cells were MSCs based on morphology observation and supported by marker analysis results (Figures-1 and 2). To investigate the suitable conditions to produce CM, we observed two MSC-cultivated conditions (normoxic and hypoxic conditions). Interestingly, the production levels of VEGF, bFGF, and pro-collagen 1 were different. The hypoxic condition increased the production of the CM by MSCs. It has been reported that the mRNA level and protein expression of VEGF-A were higher in MSCs prepared under hypoxic conditions compared with normoxic conditions [27]. Another study by Page *et al.* [28] also reported that gene expression

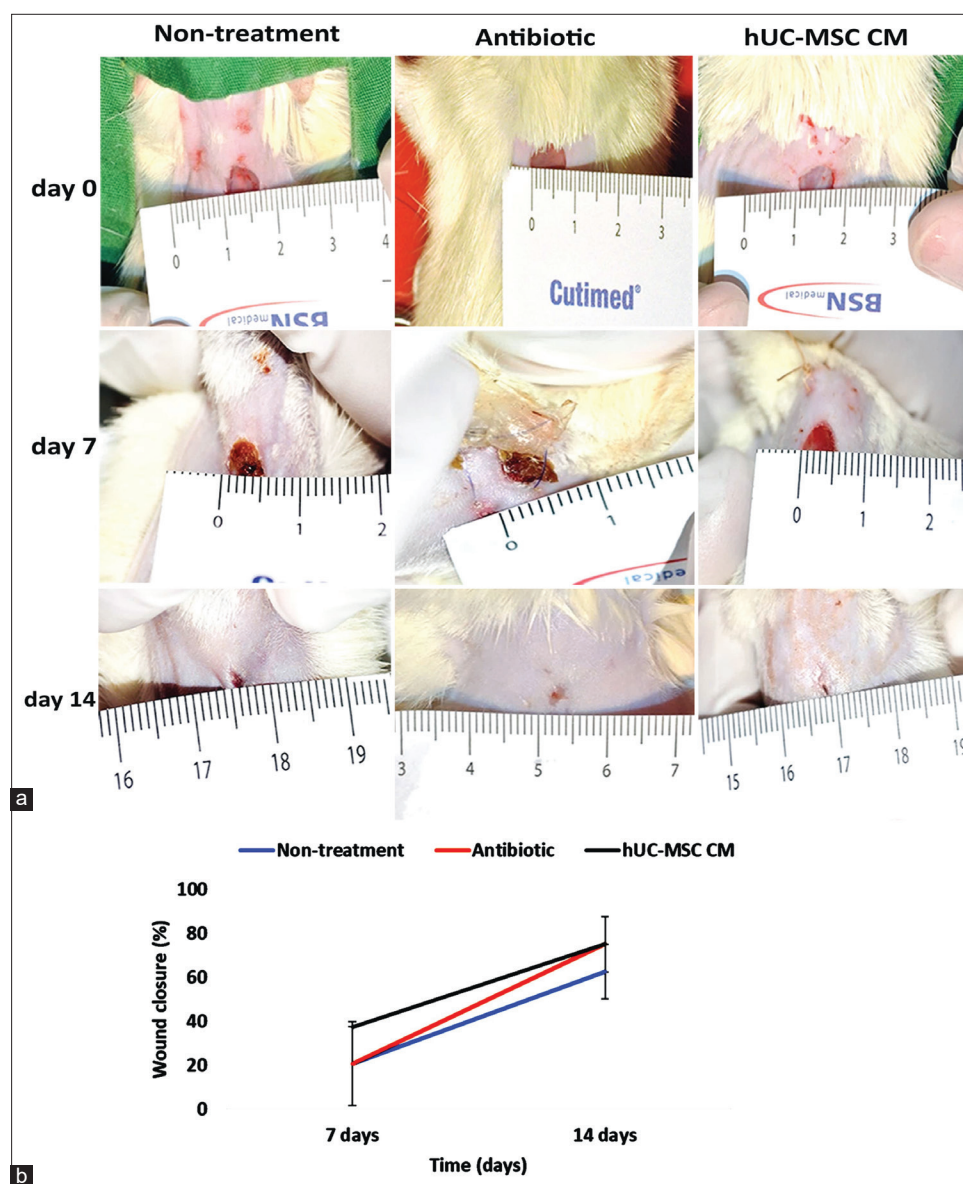


Figure-4: (a) Wound closure measurement on diabetic induced rats (non-treatment, antibiotic and human umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cells conditioned medium groups) at three endpoints (0-, 7-, and 14-days). (b) Percentage of wound closure comparison between groups at 7- and 14-days post-skin puncture.

and paracrine secretion are strongly affected by serum and oxygen concentration. Our study observed that there was no VEGF production by the MSCs under normoxic conditions. In contrast to our findings, Chen *et al.* [29] investigated that VEGF-A was still produced at a lower concentration under normoxic conditions by bone marrow MSCs than under hypoxic conditions. However, our result in bFGF was supported by their findings. Meanwhile, we found that pro-collagen 1 was secreted in these two setup conditions, and their concentrations were slightly different. These data suggested that hypoxic conditions were preferable to stimulate the secretion of secretome/paracrine. Similar to our finding, Hsiao *et al.* [30] also demonstrated that hypoxic conditions favored VEGF-A and ANG production as angiogenic factors. Likewise, a previous study reported that VEGF and bFGF induce angiogenesis in wounded skin [31].

VEGF acts on wound repair through angiogenesis, collagen synthesis, and epithelialization [32].

To explore the effect of hypoxic hUC-MSC CM on fibroblast cell growth and collagen secretion *in vitro*, we treated fibroblast with hypoxic hUC-MSC CM with two concentrations (0.5% and 1%). Our findings showed that hypoxic hUC-MSC CM increased the number of fibroblasts, particularly in the group treated with a higher concentration (1%). Thus, it suggested that hypoxic hUC-MSC CM addition exerted a positive effect on fibroblast proliferation. Kim *et al.* [33] reported a similar result, and they investigated the highest growth of HDF, cell concentration, and protein level observed in the USC-CM group. They also evaluated the activity of USC-MSC to induce migration of HDF compared with HDF and another MSC-CM group. Other studies also proved that the application of MSC-CM

facilitated higher fibroblast proliferation than those in the control group [34].

Our findings showed that adding hypoxic hUC-MSC CM enhances collagen secretion, especially in fibroblasts treated with hypoxic hUC-MSC CM 0.5%. It may indicate that the collagen production did not strongly depend on the concentration of used hypoxic hUC-MSC CM. The previous studies by Kim *et al.* [33] demonstrated that the production of ECM (collagen, elastin, and fibronectin) was also triggered by USC-CM. Villanueva *et al.* [35] examined a lower collagen production from lung fibroblasts found in the control group (without CM addition) compared with adding endothelial cell-derived CM (1:10) at a 6-h incubation. At 24-h incubation, treatment with an increasing concentration of CM elevated the amount of collagen synthesized. As one of the extracellular matrix compositions in the skin, collagen plays a key role in growth and determines skin's elasticity [36].

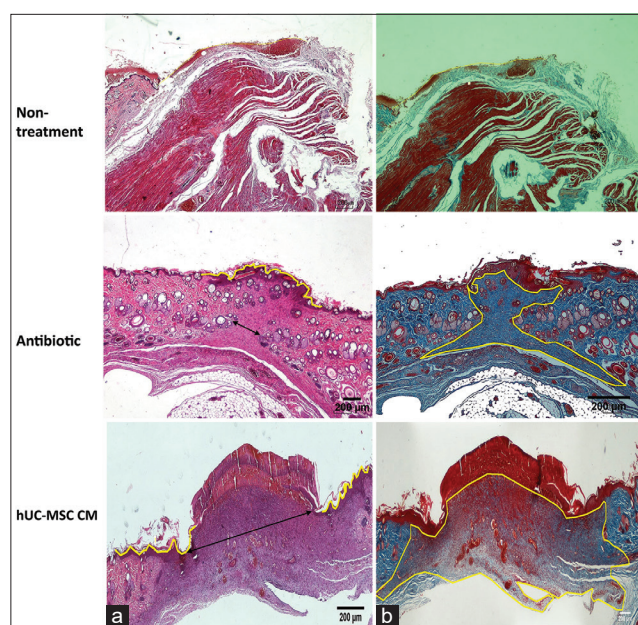


Figure-5: Histopathological analysis of (a) re-epithelialization using Hematoxylin and Eosin staining and (b) collagen formation using Masson's trichrome staining on the wound site of diabetic induced rats. Re-epithelialization and collagen formation areas are indicated with yellow lines. Scale bar 200 µm in all panels. The double-headed arrows point the edge of the scar.

To investigate the therapeutic effect of hypoxic hUC-MSC CM *in vivo*, we provided an antibiotic group for comparison and the non-treatment as a control group. We chose topical antibiotic treatment because of its ability to inhibit or kill microbes on an open wound. Our results showed that the hypoxic hUC-MSC CM group had a beneficial effect on the wound healing process, which was revealed by macroscopic and microscopic observation. An expected outcome was a reduction of the wound surface area. Although not statistically significant, the hUC-MSC CM group demonstrated faster wound closure since observation at 7 d post-skin puncture. Non-significant results might be caused by the small sample size and the length of the observation time. The created wound site was reduced at 14 d post-wounding. The hypoxic hUC-MSC CM group had the same wound closure percentage as that of the antibiotic group and had a higher wound closure percentage than that of the non-treatment group at 14 d post-skin puncture. A study by Han *et al.* [19] showed a wound healing process that was significantly lower in diabetic rats than in normal rats at days 7 and 14. This phenomenon in their study showed that blockade of the Wnt signaling pathway slowed the healing of skin wounds in diabetic rats. A study by Assi *et al.* [37] in mice showed that wounds treated with topical scaffolds containing MSCs increased proliferation without increasing apoptosis and VEGF-positive cells. Another study by Zhou *et al.* [38] demonstrated that hUC-MSC CM/hydrogel promoted wound closure and constricted fibrotic and hypertrophic scar tissue formation.

The efficacy of antibiotics to facilitate wound healing was not as high as that triggered by hUC-MSC CM application but was better than the non-treatment group. Reports from Padeta *et al.* [34] demonstrated a similar finding to our results. They found that the MSC CM showed a prominent effect in promoting wound healing than bioplacenta application as their control group prepared from bovine placenta extract 10%, neomycin sulfate 0.5%, and gel base. Thus, besides the self-renewal capacity, human MSCs and their secretome may have antimicrobial activity. Our hypothesis was supported by Krasnodembskaya *et al.* [39], who observed the antimicrobial efficacy of human

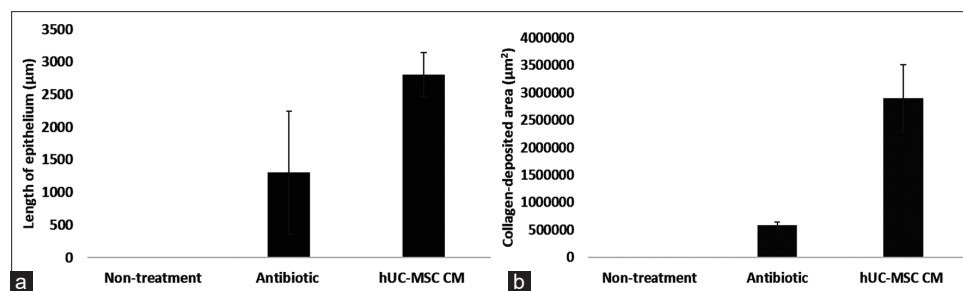


Figure-6: (a) Length of epithelium and (b) width of collagen-deposited area comparison between non-treatment, antibiotic, and human umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cells conditioned medium group in diabetic induced rats at 14 days post skin punctures.

MSCs and their CM. This antimicrobial activity was exerted by the antimicrobial peptide LL-37 production. These results suggest that using hUC-MSC CM had a superior effect compared with antibiotics application alone. These benefits might trigger the efficacy of hypoxic hUC-MSC CM.

Wound healing can be characterized by re-epithelialization [40]. As a further investigation, we performed the histopathological analysis of our specimen to observe the effect of given treatments on wound repair. We observed and measured the newly formed epithelial tissue and collagen-deposited areas in hypoxic hUC-MSC CM and the topical antibiotic group. It indicated that the treated skin was at the proliferation phase. Furthermore, the proliferation phase in wound repair is marked by four processes, including re-epithelialization, angiogenesis, collagen synthesis, and extracellular formation [41,42]. In re-epithelialization, the new epithelium formed by proliferation, migration, and keratinocyte differentiation also protects beneath the epidermal layer [43].

Histopathological analysis of a wound site showed an increase in re-epithelialization area in the hypoxic hUC-MSC CM group compared with the non-treatment and antibiotic groups at 14 d post-skin puncture. A similar study reported by Shrestha *et al.* [12] showed enhanced re-epithelialization after hUC-MSC CM application on the wound at 14 d post-treatment [9]. Consistent with the re-epithelialization result, we confirmed the largest collagen deposition on the hypoxic hUC-MSC CM group 14 d post-skin puncture. Correspondingly, Padeta *et al.* [34] reported MSC-CM accelerated collagen deposition in wounded rats compared with the control group. In addition, Li *et al.* [44] found a pronounced effect of MSC CM on keratinocyte proliferation and migration in a high-glucose microenvironment.

Conclusion

Hypoxia was identified as a better condition to enhance VEGF, bFGF, and pro-collagen 1 secretion. We proved the ability of the hypoxic hUC-MSC CM to facilitate fibroblast cell growth and collagen synthesis through the *in vitro* study. CM from hypoxic hUC-MSC possessed positive and better wound healing effects than antibiotic application on the wound. In addition, wound healing mediated by the hypoxic hUC-MSC CM was based on re-epithelialization and collagen formation evidence in the *in vivo* study. Our findings collectively confirmed that hUC-MSC CM may be used as an alternative treatment to cope with diabetes-related wounds. Our findings might encourage clinical studies that analyze the benefits of hUC-MSC CM for diabetic patients with ulcers.

Authors' Contributions

SH, STT, and YK: Conceived, designed, and managed the study. SH and STT: Performed sample collections. YK, CAL, and DF: Prepared human

umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cell secretome. SH, JL, and BSM: Did data collection and analysis. SH, EB, BSM, HUB, and STT: Drafted the manuscript. All authors participated in the revision of this manuscript and approved the submission.

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Competing Interest

The authors declare that they have no competing interests.

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