

Makalah Probabilistic Duration

Submission date: 08-May-2024 09:13AM (UTC+0700)

Submission ID: 2264076847

File name: Makalah_Probabilistic_Duration.pdf (1.14M)

Word count: 9278

Character count: 51574

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CIVIL ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (IJCIET)

JOURNAL IMPACT FACTOR (2020): 11.3296 CALCULATED BY
GLOBAL INSTITUTE FOR SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION (GISI)
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Tamilnadu, India
E-mail : editor@iaeme.com, ieamedu@gmail.com
www.iaeme.com

5
**INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CIVIL ENGINEERING &
TECHNOLOGY (IJCIET)**

Volume 9, Issue 5, May (2018)

4
ISSN 0976 – 6308 (Print)
ISSN 0976 – 6316 (Online)

**High Quality Refereed Peer Reviewed International Journal in Civil Engineering
and Technology**

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Poomalai Santosh Pearls Apartment,
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INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CIVIL ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (IJCIET)

ISSN 0976 – 6308 (Print Version)

ISSN 0976 – 6316 (Online Version)

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Volume 9, Issue 5, May (2018)

ISSN 0976 – 6308 (Print)
ISSN 0976 – 6316 (Online)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

S.NO	ARTICLE ID	TITLE OF THE PAPER	AUTHORS NAME	PAGE
1	IJCIET_09_05_001	STUDY ON COMPARISON BETWEEN PREFABRICATED AND CONVENTIONAL STRUCTURES	V. Karthikeyan , E Vinodhini , P. Aparna , T. Monika , R. Sathish Kumar	1-8
2	IJCIET_09_05_002	PARTIAL REPLACEMENT OF CEMENT AND FINE AGGREGATE WITH METAKAOLIN AND MANUFACTURED SAND	B Mahendra , T Abhiram Reddy , P Raj Kumar , T Harish	9-15
3	IJCIET_09_05_003	SEISMIC AND WIND EVALUATION OF G+10 RESIDENTIAL BUILDING	B. Shankar , T. Abhiram Reddy	16-24
4	IJCIET_09_05_004	THE ART OF KELINGKAN EMBROIDERY AS A CATALYST FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CREATIVE INDUSTRY	Norhasliyana Hazlin Zainal Amri , Hamdzun Haron , Abdul Latif Samian	25-30
5	IJCIET_09_05_005	VALIDATION OF THE PROPOSED LIQUEFACTION CRITERION OF SAND WITH TESTS BY STATIC TRI-AXIAL SHEAR TESTING	R. K. Jain , A. S. Purandare	31-40
6	IJCIET_09_05_006	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF MEDICAL WASTE TREATMENT AND MANAGEMENT BY BURNING INSIDE HEALTH FACILITIES	Aymen Abd-ULSalam Awad , Firas Al Bajari	41-53
7	IJCIET_09_05_007	AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON BEHAVIOUR OF ARAMID FIBRE REINFORCED HIGH PERFORMANCE CONCRETE UNDER ELEVATED TEMPERATURE	G. Manoj , G. Premkumar	54-60
8	IJCIET_09_05_008	EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION ON M50 GRADE SELF COMPACTING CONCRETE USING GLASS FIBRE	Boeini Sampurna , D.S.V.S.M.R.K.Chekravarty	61-68
9	IJCIET_09_05_009	EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION ON FLEXURAL PROPERTIES OF GLULAM TIMBER BEAM REINFORCED BY BAMBOO STRIPS	M. Khadafi , B. Anshari , J. Fajrin	69-76
10	IJCIET_09_05_010	BRIEF EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON SELF COMPACTING CONCRETE	Prabhat Singh , Mohd Usman , Awadhesh Chandramauli , Dinesh Kumar	77-82
11	IJCIET_09_05_011	A NEW CALCULATION METHOD FOR THE BEARING CAPACITY OF SHALLOW FOUNDATIONS FROM THE SHEAR WAVES VELOCITY	Zoa Ambassa , Amba Jean Chills	83-94
12	IJCIET_09_05_012	EXPLORING THE PHASE CHANGE MATERIALS IN GREEN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	Rajesh.B , Vasumathi.A.M	95-104
13	IJCIET_09_05_013	DIFFERENTIAL SYNTHETIC APERTURE RADAR INTERFEROMETRY FOR LAND MOVEMENTS MAPPING CASE OF EL JEBHA (NORTH OF MOROCCO)	Soukaina MEZIANE , Lahcen BAHl , Latifa OUADIF	105-113

14	IJCIET_09_05_014	STUDY ON CULTURE OF (D)PAOS FOR WATER PURIFICATION AND PROPERTIES OF MOTAR MIXED (D)PAOS	Young-Il Jang , Wan-Shin Park , Sun-Woo Kim , Jong-Won Lee	114-121
15	IJCIET_09_05_015	MATHEMATICAL MODEL STUDY FOR DESIGN OF FLOOD PROTECTION WORK FOR HIMALAYAN RIVER	Abhinandan Sangave , V.S.Sohoni , B.M.Patil , R.G.Patil	122-134
16	IJCIET_09_05_016	BEHAVIORAL STUDY OF SOFT CLAY REINFORCED WITH RANDOMLY DISTRIBUTED POLYESTER FIBERS	V. Saravana Selvam , M. Sivaraja , K. Raja , G. Dheeran Amarapathi	135-143
17	IJCIET_09_05_017	SELECTING DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM TECHNIQUE TO CHOOSE BEST SUPPLIER IN PROCUREMENT OF IRAQI PUBLIC SECTOR	Zahraa Jabbar Hussein , Chasib Hasan abboodi	144-154
18	IJCIET_09_05_018	BAG OF WORDS METHOD FOR IMPROVEMENT VERIFICATION OF PALMPRINT	Rahman Nahi Abid , Iman Mohammed Burhan , Wial Abbas Hanon al_Sanjery	155-166
19	IJCIET_09_05_019	MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF HIGH STRENGTH GEOPOLYMER CONCRETE BY PARTIAL REPLACEMENT OF FINE AGGREGATE WITH QUARTZ SAND	Gajjala Ramya , D. SVSMRK. Chekravarty	167-174
20	IJCIET_09_05_020	AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON PARTIAL REPLACEMENT OF CEMENT WITH BAGASSE ASH IN CONCRETE MIX	P.Bhargavi , Kallempudi Murali	175-184
21	IJCIET_09_05_021	DYNAMIC STUDY OF STEP BACK AND SET BACK BUILDING	Krishna Kumar , Sristi Gupta , Shivam Kumari , Ravi Kumar	185-190
22	IJCIET_09_05_022	EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON HIGH PERFORMANCE CONCRETE BEAMS USING FIBERS	G. Rajasekhar Reddy , D. Arul Prakash	191-197
23	IJCIET_09_05_023	SUSTAINABLE CONCRETE PAVEMENT DESIGN FOR RURAL ROADS WITH THE REPLACEMENT OF CEMENT BY FLY ASH	P.Padma Rao , G.Sambasiva Rao , R.Venkata Ramana , B.J.N Satish , K. V. Pratap , A Suri babu	198-207
24	IJCIET_09_05_024	COMPARATIVE STUDY OF FLAT SLAB AND GRID SLAB IN REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES	Ulfat Saboree , Paramveer Singh	208-217
25	IJCIET_09_05_025	INVESTIGATION OF HYBRID BEAM – COLUMN JOINTS UNDER CYCLIC LOADING	A S. Srinivasan , S. Pradeep (O.G)	218-228
26	IJCIET_09_05_026	PROPERTIES OF DOUBLE LAYER GEOPOLYMER CONCRETE PAVER BLOCKS WITH POLYESTER FIBRES	R.Kumutha , S.Aarthy , K.Vijai	229-238
27	IJCIET_09_05_027	GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATION BY ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY SURVEY IN KARUNYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES CAMPUS	V. Venkata Ramesh Reddy , M. Mahendra Reddy	229-245
28	IJCIET_09_05_028	EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION ON MECHANICAL BEHAVIOUR OF FIBRE REINFORCED CONCRETE	L.V. Umashankar , T. Sasikumar , M.V. Raghu Vikram , T.Prathap Reddy , M. Sri Ranganath Reddy	246-252
29	IJCIET_09_05_029	A NEW SCHEME FOR CRACK-TIP SINGULARITY GROWTH: HIGHER-ORDER SINGULAR ELEMENTS (D-FEM)	K. Boudi , Y. Abdelaziz , S. Benkheira	253-263
30	IJCIET_09_05_030	STUDY ON THE EFFECT OF RICE HUSK ASH IN COCONUT SHELL CONCRETE	M. Mohamed Barveen , K. Gunasekaran	264-274
31	IJCIET_09_05_031	EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION IN DEVELOPING A TERNARY BLENDED CEMENTITIOUS BINDER PRODUCED FROM WASTE MATERIALS FOR PAVEMENTS ON SOFT SOILS	Malathy J , Ganesh Kumar S , Pranav Satish , Arunachalam S	274-283

32	IJCIET_09_05_032	FIELD MINIATURE STUDY ON HEAVY METAL DETECTION USING ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY IMAGING (ERI)	Z. A. M. Hazreek , A. T. S. Azhar , S. Rosli	284-292
33	IJCIET_09_05_033	EFFECTS OF TREATED DATE PALM FIBER ON DURABILITY OF STABILIZED EARTH BLOCKS (SEB)	R. Abdeldjebbar , A. Hamouine , F. Fouchal , B. 20 baci , A. Zebair	293-305
34	IJCIET_09_05_034	20 CORROSION AS A SOURCE OF DESTRUCTION IN CONSTRUCTION 24	Mohannad H. Al-Sherrawi , Vyacheslav Lyashenko , Esraa M. Edaan , Svitlana Sotnik	306-314
35	IJCIET_09_05_035	COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF PHENOLPHTHALEIN INDICATOR, XRDA AND FTIR METHODS FOR MEASUREMENT OF CARBONATION DEPTH OF CONCRETE	Alok Ranjan , Rajesh Kumar , Devendra Mohan	315-320
36	IJCIET_09_05_036	INFLUENCE OF PROTEIN IN FLY ASH CONCRETE OF DIFFERENT PROPORTIONS TO IMPROVE THE FLEXURAL STRENGTH	P. Jagannathan , K. Satyanarayanan , V. Deepak 6	321-325
37	IJCIET_09_05_037	6 THE REASONS CONCERNING TEACHERS' ATTITUDE TOWARD COMPUTER IN EDUCATION AT PRIMARY LEVEL	Hamdzun Haron , Jaffri Hanafi , Zandariah Ahmad , Khalim Zainal , Maharam Mamat , Abdul Salam Yusof	326-335
38	IJCIET_09_05_038	A REVIEW OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE (MSW) LANDFILL MANAGEMENT AND TREATMENT OF LEACHATE	Imran Ahmad , Shreeshivadasan Chelliapan , Norazli Othman , Roslina Mohammad , Samira Albati Kamaruddin	336-348
39	IJCIET_09_05_039	AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON THE REPAIR OF CONCRETE CRACK BY FRP LAMINATES	K.Muhilini , C.Venkatasubramanian	349-355
40	IJCIET_09_05_040	HYDRAULIC MODELLING FOR THE DESIGN OF FISHERIES HARBOURS	Apurva M. Kudale , V. S. Sohoni , B. M. Patil , A. V. Mahalingaiah	356-371
41	IJCIET_09_05_041	DAM BREAK ANALYSIS OF KALYANI DAM USING HEC-RAS	B .Balaji , Sanjeet Kumar	372-380
42	IJCIET_09_05_042	A REVIEW OF NANO PARTICLE APPLICATION IN WATER TREATMENT	Aishwarya , Gajendran Chellaiah , P. Mosae Selvakumar	318-387
43	IJCIET_09_05_043	EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF GEOPOLYMER PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BEAM	Sarath Chandra C P , S.Syed Abdul Rahman , N P Rajamane	388-394
44	IJCIET_09_05_044	INFLUENCE OF NOTCH DEPTH AND ITS LOCATION ON FLEXURAL PROPERTIES FOR AN HYBRID COMPOSITE	Eswara Kumar. A , M.V. Abhilash , A.L.N. Sai Kumar	395-401
45	IJCIET_09_05_045	A CRITICAL REVIEW OF COUNTER MEASURE OF SCOUR AROUND A BRIDGE PIER	Abhijit Saha , H.L. Tiwari	402-407
46	IJCIET_09_05_046	REPLACEMENT OF FINE AGGREGATE WITH JAROFIX IN CONCRETE	Santhosh. G , Beena. K.S	408-419
47	IJCIET_09_05_047	EVALUATING THE FLOOR IMPACT SOUND INSULATION PERFORMANCE OF THE VOIDED SLAB SYSTEM APPLYING TO POST TENSION METHOD	Seunguk Na , Inkwan Paik , Sung-ho Yun	420-431
48	IJCIET_09_05_048	SPATIAL ESTIMATION OF GROUND WATER QUALITY INDEX IN AND AROUND VELLALORE DUMPING YARD	S.Venkatesh , G.karthikadevi , R.Gowri , N.H.Riyaz Khan	432-440
49	IJCIET_09_05_049	RADIATION EFFECT ON NATURAL CONVECTIVE MHD FLOW THROUGH A POROUS MEDIUM WITH DOUBLE DIFFUSION IN THE PRESENCE OF CHEMICAL REACTION	Pudhari Srilatha , M N Raja Shekar	441-449

50	IJCIET_09_05_050	STUDY OF BLACK COTTON SOIL CHARACTERISTICS ON REINFORCING WITH NYLON FIBRES AND NYLON MESH	Ravindranatha Rao , Udaya Kumar Ks , Sidharth , Akash Singh Kourav , Kanupriya Dhiman , Arpita Choudhury	450-461
51	IJCIET_09_05_051	IDENTIFICATION OF LAND BIOPHYSICS CHARACTERISTICS IN THE LANDSLIDE PRONE AREA IN THE SUB WATERSHED SAMIN UPSTREAM FOR DETERMINING THE MITIGATION MODEL	Priyono , Rahayu , Slamet Minardi , Suntoro	462-474
52	IJCIET_09_05_052	WASTE PLASTIC UTILIZATION IN BUTUMINOUS MIX FOR REPLACEMENT OF BINDER - A MODEL STUDY	E.Rohit Sai , K.Venkata Ratnavali , D.Satish Chandra , SS.Asadi	475-486
53	IJCIET_09_05_053	THE USE OF SPATIAL RELATIONSHIPS AND OBJECT IDENTIFICATION IN IMAGE UNDERSTANDING	Hamid Sadeq Mahdi Alsultani , Shaymaa Taha Ahmed , Ban Jawad Khadhim , Qusay Kanaan Kadhim	487-496
54	IJCIET_09_05_054	STUDY OF BITUMINOUS MIXTURE MODIFIED WITH PLASTIC WASTE - EFFECT OF HOT TEMPERATURE ON CREEP	M. Mazouz , M. Merbouh	497-507
55	IJCIET_09_05_055	ENHANCING THE SPEAKING SKILLS OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING STUDENTS WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO VELLORE DISTRICT	X John Paul , Challa Ganga Raju	508-516
56	IJCIET_09_05_056	STUDY OF EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE (EPS) BASED GEOMATERIAL WITH FLY ASH: A REVIEW	M.S. Mate , M. S. Kadu , A.H.Padade	517-523
57	IJCIET_09_05_057	COMPARATIVE STUDY ON COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF GEO POLYMER CONCRETE AND ORDINARY PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	R M Saravana Kumar	524-533
58	IJCIET_09_05_058	BIVARIATE ANALYSIS OF SUSCEPTIBILITY AND VULNERABILITY TO MASS MOVEMENTS: A CASE STUDY FROM AL HOCEIMA (EASTERN RIF OF MOROCCO)	RFIFI Mohamed , AIT BRAHIM Lahsen	534-548
59	IJCIET_09_05_059	SMART PHONES AND ROAD COLLISIONS	Samir Mohammad , Saqib Iqbal , Ibtihal Aburezeq , Yousef Altoum , Ghassab Alameri , Rana Hazem , Sara Alhamrouni , Ahmed M. Alzeyodi , Mansour S. Almarboouei , Waheed A. Alarab	549-565
60	IJCIET_09_05_060	ESTIMATING PRELIMINARY COST OF PROJECT WITH HISTORICAL USECASES IN AGILE TO IMPROVE PRODUCTIVITY	R. Manjula , R.Thirumalai Selvi	566-574
61	IJCIET_09_05_061	EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON M30 GRADE CONCRETE WITH PARTIAL REPLACEMENT OF CEMENT WITH EGG SHELL POWDER	Ch. Kannam Naidu , Ch. Vasudeva Rao , G. Venkata Rao , A.Y.D.T. Akhilesh	575-583
62	IJCIET_09_05_062	THE EXPERIMENTAL RESEARCH OF AREA FOUNDATIONS SOIL BEHAVIOR ON A WEAK CLAY BED STRENGTHENED WITH REINFORCED SAND BLANKET	Aleksey N. Kraev , Andrey N. Kraev , Dmitriy S. Skvortsov , Erkn A. Zhaisambaev	584-588
63	IJCIET_09_05_063	ESTIMATION OF THE ECONOMIC EFFECT OF THE USE OF ADJUSTABLE AC ELECTRIC DRIVE AT PUMPING STATIONS	Anna A. Shkileva , Olga V. Sidorenko	589-593
64	IJCIET_09_05_064	RS and GIS BASED SITE SUITABILITY ANALYSIS FOR THE DISPOSAL OF SOLID WASTE FOR MOODBIDRI AND KARKALA REGION	Sanjay.S , Nalina M.E , H. Ajith Hebbar	594-601

65	IJCIET_09_05_065	SEISMIC DEMAND OF SOFT STOREY BUILDING AND IT'S STRENGTHENING FOR SEISMIC RESISTANC`	N. A. GHATE , S. P. SIDDH	602-610
66	IJCIET_09_05_066	AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON THE REPAIR OF CONCRETE CRACK BY SHOTCRETE TECHNIQUE	V.Chandana , C.Venkatasubramanian	611-617
67	IJCIET_09_05_067	PERMEABILITY OF COARSE-GRAINED SOIL MIXED WITH DIFFERENT STABILIZING MATERIALS	Naghm M. Saidik , Husain Ali Abdul-Husain , Asaad M. B. Al-Gharrawi , Nibras A. Hussain Al-Sahaf	618-625
68	IJCIET_09_05_068	ANALYSIS OF INFRASTRUCTURES DESIGN AT MANDALIKA RESORT PROJECT BY USING THE VALUE ENGINEERING	Syaiful Anam , Eko Pradjok , Buan Anshari	626-633
69	IJCIET_09_05_069	EFFECTS OF DEPTH VARIATIONS IN DEFORMATION OF CUTOFF WALLS	S. Sivakumar , N. Almas Begum , P. V. Premalatha	634-643
70	IJCIET_09_05_070	ANALYTICAL INVESTIGATION ON SEISMIC STRENGTHENING OF RC FRAME USING STEEL CAGE AND VISCOUS DAMPER	B Bharath Reddy	644-653
71	IJCIET_09_05_071	COMPARATIVE STUDY OF MECHANICAL BEHAVIOR AND DURABILITY OF COMPRESSED EARTH BLOCKS STABILIZED BY TWO TYPES OF LIME: INDUSTRIAL AND ARTISANAL	A. Zebair , A. Hamouine , R. Abdeldjabar , S. Bouzerouata	654-664
72	IJCIET_09_05_072	PLANNING, SCHEDULING AND DELAY ANALYSIS OF A BUILDING	Parth Viradia , B Prakash Rao	665-671
73	IJCIET_09_05_073	USING LOCAL AGGREGATE OF BANGKALAN REGENCY FOR NORMAL CONCRETE MIXTURE	Dewi Pertiwi , Siti Choiriyah	672-678
74	IJCIET_09_05_074	TREATMENT OF DAIRY WASTEWATER AND BIOELECTRICITY GENERATION USING MEMBRANELESS MICROBIAL FUEL CELL	Sanjay S , Sowmyashree D , Udayashankara T H	679-685
75	IJCIET_09_05_075	STATISTICAL FREQUENCY OF QURANIC REFERENCES IN THE WORKS OF HADITH: AN ANALYTICAL STUDY OF THE NARRATIVES OF THE PROPHET'S EARLY LIFE	Ahmad Sanusi Azmi , Mohd Yusuf Ismail , Hishomudin Ahmad , Zulhilmu Mohamed Nor , Amiruddin Mohd Sobali	686-693
76	IJCIET_09_05_076	RESEARCH ON URBAN ROAD TRAFFIC CONGESTION OF HYDERABAD A CASE STUDY	B. Suresh , N. Venkat Rao , Suraj Baraik	694-699
77	IJCIET_09_05_077	EFFECT OF FLY ASH AND RICE HUSK ASH ON MODULUS OF ELASTICITY OF CONCRETE	T. Sricharan , I. Siva Sai Pavan Kumar , P. Poluraju	700-704
78	IJCIET_09_05_078	FAKHR AL-DIN AL-RAZI: A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW ON LITERATURE FOUND IN INDONESIA	Nur Farhana Baharuddin , Hishomudin Ahmad , Saadah Abd Rahman , Hazleena Baharun	705-714
79	IJCIET_09_05_079	EXPERIMENTAL AND ANALYTICAL STUDY ON BIO- MINERALIZATION PROCESS WITH REPLACEMENT OF CEMENT BY MICROBIALCEMENTATION	Preyadarshi S , G R Iyappan , A Leema rose , D Elango	715-724
80	IJCIET_09_05_080	AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON PROPERTIES OF M50 CONCRETE CURED USING PEG 400	Vaisakh G , M S Ravi Kumar , P Siva Bala	725-732
81	IJCIET_09_05_081	EFFECT OF SELF-COMPACTING CONCRETE IN HOLLOW COMPRESSION MEMBERS	P. Siva Bala , M.S. Ravi Kumar , Vaisakh G	733-740
82	IJCIET_09_05_082	EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION ON PARTIAL REPLACEMENT OF CEMENT WITH MARBLE POWDER	Vinodhini Ellappan , V. Amudhan , Prathik . E , Ebenezer Stephen. A	741-750
83	IJCIET_09_05_083	'COMPARATIVE STUDY OF SEISMIC RESPONSE OF STRUCTURES IN DIFFERENT SEISMIC ZONES OF INDIA CONSIDERING DIFFERENT TYPES OF SOIL'	M R Vyas , S P Siddh	751-760

84	IJCIET_09_05_084	BIPOLAR VALUED Q -FUZZY APPLICATION IN BUILDING SCIENCES	M. Muthumeenakshi , P. Muralikrishna , S. Sabarinathan	761-765
85	IJCIET_09_05_085	INNOVATIVE STUDIES ON THE POTENTIAL USE OF POND ASH ON LARGE SCALE IN BUILDING & CONSTRUCTION SECTORS	S.Baskar , M.Murali Krishna	766-770
86	IJCIET_09_05_086	AN ANALYTICAL APPROACH FOR IDENTIFICATION OF UNCERTAINTITES AND PRIORTIZING THE FACTORS CAUSING UNCERTAINTITIES IN CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY USING RELATIVE IMPORTANCE INDEX (RII)	T. Ganesh Anurag , D. Satish Chandra , SS. Asadi	771-783
87	IJCIET_09_05_087	DEGRADATION STUDY ON SISAL FIBRE REINFORCED SELF COMPACTING CONCRETE	Chellakavitha Nagarajan , Nivetha Kannan	784-794
88	IJCIET_09_05_088	A STATE-OF-THE-ART SURVEY TO ESTIMATE CONSTRUCTION COSTS IN HIGHWAY AND BRIDGE PROJECTS: ANALYTICAL DIAGNOSTIC STUDY	Faiq M. S. Al-Zwainy	795-821
89	IJCIET_09_05_089	EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION ON FEASIBILITY OF SELF COMPACTING CONCRETE IN THE MANUFACTURE OF PREFABRICATED COMPRESSION ELEMENTS	P. Siva Bala , M.S. Ravi Kumar , Vaisakh G	822-830
90	IJCIET_09_05_090	AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON IMPACT OF MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF PEG ON PROPERTIES OF M25 GRADE SELF CURING CONCRETE	Vaisakh G , M S Ravi Kumar , P Siva Bala	831-838
91	IJCIET_09_05_091	EFFECT OF SILICA FUME ON STEEL SLAG REINFORCED CONCRETE	G.Sivaprasad , Omprakash Netula	839-846
92	IJCIET_09_05_092	THE MODEL OF RISK OF TRAVEL TICKET PURCHASING DECISIONS ON MARKETING COMMUNICATION MIX IN ONLINE SITE USING STRUCTURAL EQUATION MODELING	Rusdi Hidayat N , Eddy Poernomo , Minto Waluyo , Bambang Widjanarko Otok	847-856
93	IJCIET_09_05_093	COMBINED STRUCTURE SPIDER NEST AND REINFORCED CONCRETE PILE AS AN ALTERNATIVE STORY BUILDING FOUNDATION	Astawa D. Made , Sumaidi , Faizal Anggriawan	857-867
94	IJCIET_09_05_094	SEAFLOOR CHARACTERIZATION IN THE GREAT BAY ESTUARY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE	Indra Budi Prasetyawan , Lilik Maslukah , Agus Anugroho Dwi Suryoputro , Gentur Handoyo , Petrus Subardjo , Siddhi Saputro , Purwanto , Hariyadi , Jarot Marwoto , Warsito Atmodjo , Heryoso Setiyono , Sri Yulina Wulandari , Muslim and Muh. Yusuf , Indra Budi Prasetyawan	868-881
95	IJCIET_09_05_095	MACHINE LEARNING BASED APPROACH FOR POTHOLE DETECTION	Karmel. A , Adhithiyan. M , Senthil Kumar. P	882-888
96	IJCIET_09_05_096	FINITE ELEMENT MODELING OF PERVIOUS CONCRETE-STONE COLUMN COMPOSITE COLUMN GROUP FOR GROUND IMPROVEMENT	J. B. Patel , C. H. Solanki , Y. K. Tandel , J. Joseph	889-895
97	IJCIET_09_05_097	ADOPTION OF E-COMMERCE, ENTREPRENEURSHIP ORIENTATION MEDIATED BY BUSINESS STRATEGY ON THE PERFORMANCE FOOD INDUSTRIES	Dewie Tri Wijayati Wardoyo , Sri Setyo Iriani , Achmad Kautsar	896-902
98	IJCIET_09_05_098	STRENGTH AND PROPERTIES OF LIME BASED COMPOSITE PASTE	Aravind Mohan C.B , Jose Ravindra Raj	903-911

99	IJCIET_09_05_099	EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON PROPERTIES OF CONCRETE BY PARTIAL REPLACEMENT OF FINE AGGREGATES WITH WASTE STEEL CHIPS	Bhagyawati M , Laxmi Kanta Saha , Vikash Kumar , Mathew Varghese , Anjan Saha	912-918
100	IJCIET_09_05_100	SEDIMENT TRANSPORT CAPACITY IN EUPHRATES RIVER AT AL-ABBASIA REACH USING HEC-RAS MODEL	Hayder Sami Mohammed , Uday A. M. Alturfi , Marwah Abdullah Shlash	919-929
101	IJCIET_09_05_101	IMPLEMENTATION OF TECHNOLOGY BASED PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND IT'S IMPACT ON ORGANIZATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS	Sundari Dadhabai , B. Sai Krishna Karthik	930-935
102	IJCIET_09_05_102	MODULAR OUTDOOR AIR POLLUTION CONTROLLER (MOAPC)	M. Chinnasamy , Saravanan J	936-940
103	IJCIET_09_05_103	EFFECTIVE UTILIZATION OF SOFT DRINK AS A SUPERPLASTICIZER IN CONCRETE	Chinnu Mariam Ninan , C. Anjitha , U. Jamsheera , A. Najiha Nada , A.P. Najiya , T. K. Riswana	941-947
104	IJCIET_09_05_104	AN EXPERIMENTAL APPROACH TO RAISE THE IRRIGATION STANDARDS FOR IMPROVING CROP PRODUCTIVITY AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT BY USING GEO SPATIAL TECHNOLOGY – A MODEL STUDY	M. Satish Kumar , Pathan Nagul meera , Sayyad Moulali and Shaik Shareef , P. Pavan Kumar , Syed Anwar basha , R Siva Ganesh Goud	948-954
105	IJCIET_09_05_105	SEISMIC BEHAVIOUR OF FLAT SLAB BUILDING WITH SHEAR WALL ACCORDING TO I.S.1893 2016	Bhavesht Rajesh Sahni , Prashant D. Hiwase , Prasad P.Dahale	955-963
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107	IJCIET_09_05_107	EFFECT OF INCLINATION ANGLE, DIMENSIONS OF IMPELLER BLADES, AND VELOCITY GRADIENT ON THE EFFICIENCY OF WATER FLOCCULATION	Abdulmuhsin S. Shihab , Ammar Th. Hamad	969-977
108	IJCIET_09_05_108	ENERGY PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF BUILDING	U. Unni , Soubhagya K , Anshiba C.M , Farseen P , Haseena E	978-983
109	IJCIET_09_05_109	A CASE STUDY ON MEDICAL TOURISM IN CHENNAI CITY	K.S. Beena , D. Venkatrama Raju	984-991
110	IJCIET_09_05_110	COMPARISON OF THE RELEVANCE AND PERFORMANCE OF FILLING IN GAPS METHODS IN RAINFALL DATASETS	J. El kasri , A. Lahmili , L. Ouadif , L. Bahi , H. Soussi , M.A. Mitach	992-1000
111	IJCIET_09_05_111	DETERMINANTS OF INFRASTRUCTURE (HOME) LOAN IN INDIAN PUBLIC SECTOR BANKS	B.C.M. Patnaik , Ipseeta Satpathy , Nihar Ranjan Samal	1001-1009
112	IJCIET_09_05_112	COMPARATIVE STUDY ON VARIATION OF PHYSIO-CHEMICAL PARAMETERS OF EFFLUENTS FROM VARIOUS INDUSTRIAL AND RESIDENTIAL ZONES	N. Sree Navya , SS. Asadi	1010-1015
113	IJCIET_09_05_113	PLANNING AND ESTIMATION OF A PEDESTRIAN SUBWAY SYSTEM	Nagalla Vasishtha	1016-1022
114	IJCIET_09_05_114	INDIAN LABOUR MARKET AND REAL ESTATE SECTOR: A CONCEPTUAL FRAME WORK	Ipseeta Satpathy , B.C.M. Patnaik , Narayan Tripathy	1023-1030
115	IJCIET_09_05_115	SUPPORT VECTOR REGRESSION AND GENERALIZED REGRESSION NEURAL NETWORKS FOR EVAPORATION MODELING	Chelang A. Arslan	1031-1041
116	IJCIET_09_05_116	THE MIX PROPORTION AND STRENGTH OF POLYESTER RESIN CONCRETE WITH VARIOUS MICROFILLERS	P. Ravikumar , Vinodhini Ellappan , T. Sundararajan	1042-1050

117	IJCIET_09_05_117	LEGAL IMPACTS OF THE EXISTENCE OF REFUGEES AND ASYLUM SEEKERS IN INDONESIA	M. Alvi Syahrin , Harry Budi Artono , Faisal Santiago	1051-1058
118	IJCIET_09_05_118	INSULT AGAINST PUBLIC OFFICIALS IN SOCIAL MEDIA: THE ETHICAL AND LEGAL DEBATE OVER THE RIGHT TO FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION IN INDONESIA	Adi Hardiyanto Wicaksono , Faisal Arif	1059-1065
119	IJCIET_09_05_119	BEHAVIOR OF POLYPROPYLENE FIBERS REINFORCED CONCRETE MODIFIED WITH HIGH PERFORMANCE CEMENT	Haider A. A. Al-Katib , Hayder H. Alkhudery , Haider Ali Al-Tameemi	1066-1074
120	IJCIET_09_05_120	A STATISTICAL APPROACH FOR RANKING OF FACTORS IMPACTING THE TIMELINE OF RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS USING IMPORTANT INDEX METHOD (IMPI)	A. R. S. Sri Susmitha , K. Hemantha Raja , SS. Asadi	1075-1083
121	IJCIET_09_05_121	EFFECT OF PRESSURE ON MAKING OF CEMENT BRICKS FROM PUMICE	Mufti Amir Sultan , Kusnadi , Muhammad Taufiq Yudasaputra	1084-1091
122	IJCIET_09_05_122	SEISMIC TORSIONAL EFFECTS ON DUCTILE STRUCTURAL WALL SYSTEMS	Burbuqe Shatri , Vlor Shatri , Bajram Shefkiu	1092-1101
123	IJCIET_09_05_123	AUTHORITY AND ROLE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT: A STUDY OF IMPLEMENTATION OF OIL AND GAS INVESTMENT IN INDONESIA	Ismail Rumadan	1102-1110
124	IJCIET_09_05_124	CONTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICAL TOMOGRAPHY IN THE STUDY OF THE MARINE INTRUSION OF SAHEL-DOUKKALA, MOROCCO	H. Soussi , L. Bahi , L. Ouadif , J. El kasri , A. Bahi , B. Aghazzaf	1111-1120
125	IJCIET_09_05_125	PROBABILISTIC DURATION CALCULATION BASED ON EARNED SCHEDULE APPROACH	Basuki Anondho , Yusuf Latief , Krishna M	1121-1127
126	IJCIET_09_05_126	AUGMENTED REALITY GAMES (ARG) AND POKÉMON GO: PREVENTING HIKIKOMORI IN MALAYSIA	Wan Mohd Hirwani Wan Hussain	1128-1135
127	IJCIET_09_05_127	INFLUENCE OF CABLE PROFILES ON THE PERFORMANCE OF CABLE STAYED BRIDGE	Nithesh. K , Kiran K. Shetty , Premanand Shenoy	1136-1148
128	IJCIET_09_05_128	DESIGN OF EFFLUENT TREATMENT PLANT FOR THE OIL RICH COOLANT INDUSTRIAL EFFLUENT	S. Srinivasan , G. Sharmilaa	1149-1155
129	IJCIET_09_05_129	ANALYZING THE HOUSING RATE IN A REAL ESTATE INFORMATIVE SYSTEM: A PREDICTION ANALYSIS	Aditya Narhari Khobragade , N. Maheswari , M. Sivagami	1156-1164
130	IJCIET_09_05_130	A STUDY ON IMPACT OF CONSUMER INDICES ON HOUSING PRICE INDEX AMONG BRICS NATIONS	R. Krishnaraj , K. Sankara Moorthy , G. Kumar , I Francis Gnanasekar	1165-1169
131	IJCIET_09_05_131	PUSHOVER ANALYSIS ON REINFORCED CONCRETE FRAMED MULTILEVEL CAR PARKING BUILDING USING ETABS	K. Naga Sai Sravya , P. Polu Raju	1170-1176
132	IJCIET_09_05_132	FLEXURAL BEHAVIOR OF HOLLOW RECTANGULAR STEEL (HRS) SECTION BEAMS FILLED WITH REACTIVE POWDER CONCRETE	Muna H. Jaber , Nabeel Hasan Ali Al-Salim , Rafea Flaih Hassan	1177-1187
133	IJCIET_09_05_133	HOSPITAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT USING MIXED MEDIA BIOFILTER	Karim Rashid Gubashi , Dheyaa Wajid Abbood , Esraa Q. Sh. Ahmed	1188-1201
134	IJCIET_09_05_134	EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON COLUMN MOULD STRENGTH WITH SELF COMPACTING AND SELF CURING CONCRETE	Sreeram Seshank , Rakesh Kumar Reddy , Jagadish Kumar	1202-1212
135	IJCIET_09_05_135	ARCHITECTONICS OF PLACE: ARCHITECTURAL AND ARTISTIC ASPECTS OF STUDYING THE CULTURAL LANDSCAPE OF A RESORT CITY (BY THE EXAMPLE OF PYATIGORSK)	Tatiana Vitalievna Poydina , Sergey Borisovich Pomorov	1213-1222

136	IJCIET_09_05_136	PECULIARITIES OF DESIGNING AND IMPLEMENTING PROTECTION MEASURES AIMED AT IMPROVING THE FIRE SAFETY LEVEL OF FORESTS NEAR URBAN SETTLEMENTS	Nguyen Tuan Anh	1223-1228
137	IJCIET_09_05_137	EXPERIMENTAL STUDY ON SETTLEMENT BEHAVIOUR OF PILE RAFT FOUNDATION IN DRY SANDY SOIL	B.M. Anjankar , P.P. Dahale , P.D. Hiwase	1229-1236
138	IJCIET_09_05_138	EFFECT OF CHANGE OF BAY LENGTH ON SOIL INTERACTION OF BUILDING FRAME RESTING ON CLAY	S. Tanuja , C. Ravi Kumar Reddy , M.Satish Kumar	1237-1243
139	IJCIET_09_05_139	PARTIAL REPLACEMENT OF AGGREGATES IN CONCRETE BY USING WASTE FOUNDRY SAND AND WASTE CLAY TILE	Shyam. P , Shafna K. K , Fasil Firose , Muhazin K. P , Nizamudheen E. K , Shahadali Karayil	1244-1252
140	IJCIET_09_05_140	MATHEMATICALLY DESIGNED ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS WITH GAUSS NEWTON 28 GORITHM	G. Gajendran , T. Venugopal	1253-1259
141	IJCIET_09_05_141	ANALYTICAL APPROACH TO STUDY PERFORMANCE OF DEMOLISHED WASTE IN RIGID PAVEMENT USING PLAXIS 2D	Shweta A. Dandekar , Pravin B. Kulkarni	1260-1271
142	IJCIET_09_05_142	AN ANALYSIS OF LIFE SATISFACTION, PLACE ATTACHMENTS AND INVOLVEMENT IN THE TOURISM AFFECTED AREA (EMPIRICAL STUDY ON RESIDENTS' SUPPORT FOR TOURISM DEVELOPMENT) 27	Ratna Roostika , H.M. Thamrin , Dian Retnaningdiah , Sigit Adhi Pratomo	1272-1282
143	IJCIET_09_05_143	INTERVENTION OF CENTRAL GOVERNMENT IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT BUDGETING THROUGH FINANCIAL REGULATIONS (A CASE OF INDONESIA) 26	Heru Fahlevi , Syukriy Abdullah , Dewi Rosa Indah , Afrah Junita , Rahmi Meutia	1283-1291
144	IJCIET_09_05_144	THE EFFECT OF SELF EFFICACY AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT ON THE WORK QUALITY OF INTERNAL AUDITOR 12	Erlina and Iskandar Muda	1292-1304
145	IJCIET_09_05_145	EFFECTS OF INSTITUTIONAL OWNERSHIP AND PROFITABILITY TO FIRM VALUE WITH THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE AS INTERVENING VARIABLE (EMPIRICAL STUDY AT COMPANY TOURISM INDUSTRY SECTOR LISTED IN INDONESIA)	Ngatemin , Azhar Maksum , Erlina , Sirojuzilam	1305-1320
146	IJCIET_09_05_146	PERFORMANCE AUDIT AND BALANCED SCORECARD PERSPECTIVE	Iskandar Muda , Erlina , Idhar Yahya , Abdillah Arif Nasution	1321-1333
147	IJCIET_09_05_147	5 DETERMINANT ANALYSIS OF THE QUALITY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN NORTH SUMATRA WITH THE EFFECTIVENESS OF MANAGEMENT OF REGIONAL PROPERTY AS A MEDIATOR	Eriadi , Erlina , Iskandar Muda , Syukriy Abdullah	1334-1346

148	IJCIET_09_05_148	9 PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL OF GOVERNMENT INTERNAL SUPERVISORY APPARATUS (APIP) IN IMPLEMENTATION OF COMPLIANCE AUDIT AT INSPECTORATE OF MEDAN CITY, INDONESIA	Iskandar Muda , Erlina	1347-1359
149	IJCIET_09_05_149	25 DETERMINANTS OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF RISK-BASED INTERNAL AUDITING IN REGENCIES/CITIES IN NORTH SUMATERA PROVINCE	Erlina , Iskandar Muda	1360-1372
150	IJCIET_09_05_150	CONTROL OF VIBRATIONS IN BUILDING DUE TO SEISMIC FORCE USING TUNED MASS DAMPER	Balachandar M , Vinod Y	1373-1379
151	IJCIET_09_05_151	SEISMIC PERFORMANCE OF BASE-ISOLATED STIFFENED CORRUGATED STEEL SILOS WITH LEAD RUBBER BEARINGS	Zaoui D , Djermane M	1380-1391

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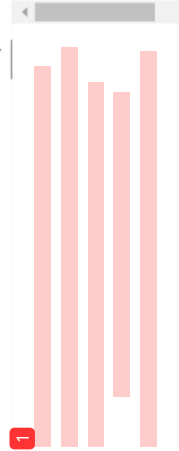
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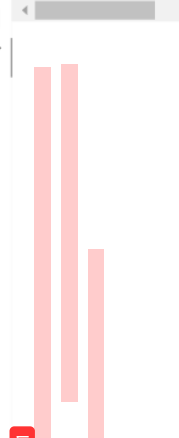
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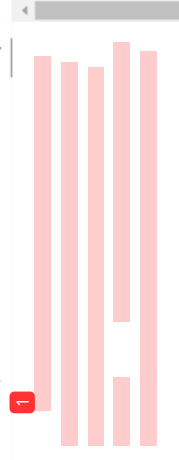
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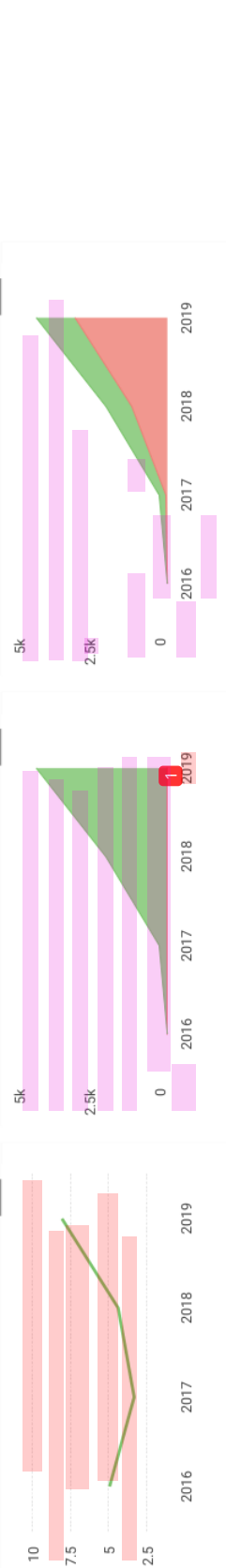
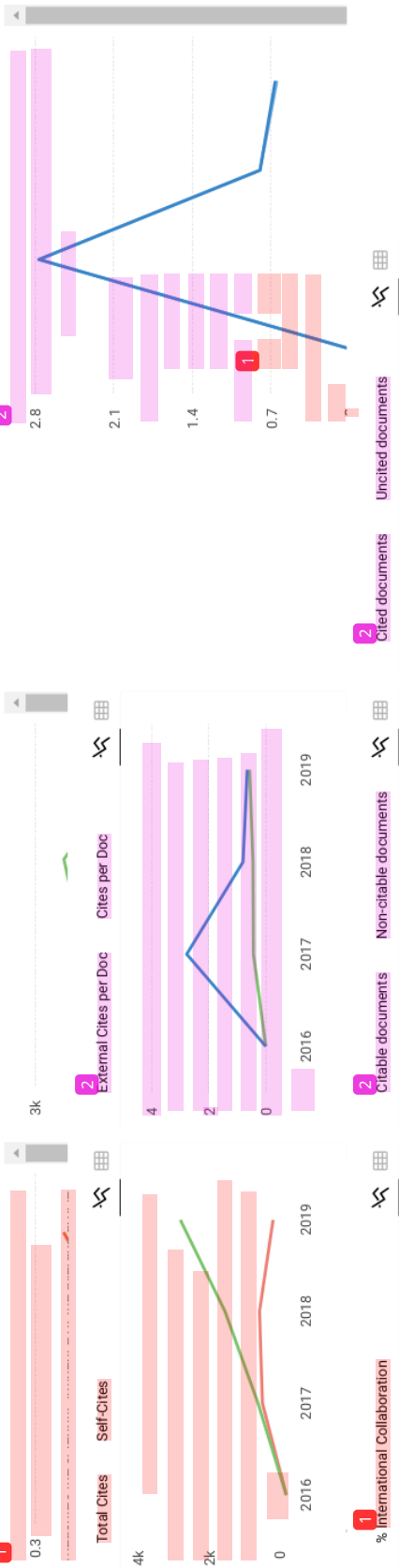
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PROBABILISTIC DURATION CALCULATION BASED ON EARNED SCHEDULE APPROACH

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ABSTRACT

Project duration prediction is an important part on project management. Therefore, a method to predict project duration suitably is required to accommodate uncertainty that may occur in the future. In the other hand, a development of Earned Value Management, which started with a traditional earned value (EV) based on cost, came into Earned Schedule (ES) method, which especially designed to predict project duration based on schedule. The problem is how to change deterministic duration prediction using ES method into a probabilistic duration prediction. This paper describes a research conducted on probabilistic project duration prediction with a developed ES method to accommodate uncertainty that usually occur in a developing country such like Indonesia. The research is conduct in Jakarta as a capital city of Indonesia. S-curve Data collects from several ongoing projects to be calculated each on ES method backward for every its periodical time. Furthermore, a confidential interval is used to determine the optimistic and pessimistic duration. The result shows that population of project's duration prediction with ES method is a part of project realization duration population, and its probabilistic duration could be obtained by backward calculation and confidence interval level.

Key words: Duration, Probabilistic, Prediction, Earned Schedule.

Cite this Article: Basuki Anondho, Yusuf Latief and Krishna M, Probabilistic Duration Calculation Based On Earned Schedule Approach, International Journal of Civil Engineering and Technology, 9(5), 2018, pp. 1121–1127.
<http://iaeme.com/Home/issue/IJCIET?Volume=9&Issue=5>

1. INTRODUCTION

Some previous researcher stated that duration is one of the important components in a construction project management. It can be an overall assessment of a construction project. It also a key factor to consider before starting a new project, as it can determine the success or failure of the project (Nguyen et al., 2013).

Therefore, duration prediction or estimating is a crucial stage in construction project life cycle. Difficulties occurred once a duration prediction carried out on an environment uncertainty such like in a developing country. Function distribution that accommodate the variability and uncertainty of the duration of construction project indicated that the prediction of the final duration of the project were probabilistic (Nguyen et al, 2013). For example, Lee et al, 2009, conducted a research on uncertainty involved in high-rise building projects. The research developed on a probabilistic duration estimation models which based on both weather conditions and work cycle times for work units considered to predict the structural work duration.

The duration of a project is often incompatible with prediction, caused by its uncertainty, so the construction schedule may deviate from the original plan (Baqerin et al., 2015). This condition makes it difficult for the estimator to predict the duration accurately. These statements showed that estimator has an important role in duration prediction. A better ability of an estimator to estimate the duration of a project would improve the performance of the construction services industry as one of the development sectors of a country (Tambunan, 1996)

On the other hand, even though it is widely accepted that Earned Value (EV) method is one of a method in Earned Value Management (EVM), to monitoring, analysis and forecasting systems (Kim and Kim, 2014), the use of EV to predict the duration, criticized by Lipke, 2009. The Traditional Earned Value method has disadvantage since this method based on cost (Corovic, 2007) and also cannot provide data of good completion schedule (Chen and Zhang, 2012). During spring 2003, the concept of Earned Schedule (ES) was introduced, suggesting the possibility of describing the performance of the schedule in units of time (Lipke, 2009). The purpose of this EV development method is to eliminate the lack of traditional EV method by using time indicator instead of cost indicator (Batselier et al., 2015).

According to Lipke, 2014, project duration prediction using ES method is more appropriate than others EVM method. This method provided considerable capacity for project managers to analyze project performance. Duration prediction using ES is more precisely compared to traditional EV method (Lipke, 2017). It shows that by using performance factors on ES assessment, the scheduling data from EVM is improved (Lipke, 2017).

The concepts of Schedule Performance Index (SPI-\$) and Schedule Varian (SV-\$) are no longer applied, since the two parameters are recognized fail to present the project status for completed project where traditional always produces $SPI = 1$ and $SV = 0$ values even if the project is delayed. Therefore, ES provides correction schedule performance and schedule variant schedule parameters by SPI (t) and SV (t) (Khamooshi and Abdi, 2016).

Since some previous researcher state that ES is an appropriate method to predict project duration, this paper describes a conducted research of implemented ES on an uncertainty environment to determine range of probabilistic duration with case study in Jakarta and surroundings. The research purpose is to prove that ES is an appropriate method even in an uncertainty environment, such like in Indonesia as a developing country, where probabilistic duration are suitable rather than deterministic duration prediction.

2. METHODOLOGY

Earned Schedule and Its Validation

Earned Schedule method was introduced and developed by Walter Lipke, 2003 and still had been updated until 2017. The basic concept was to change parameter cost on EV by schedule or time parameter of project duration on ES method as seen on figure 1.

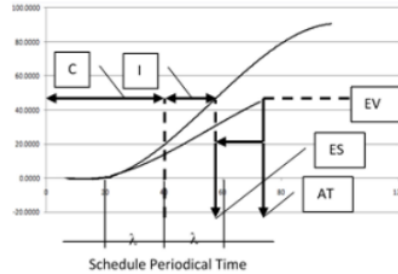


Figure 1 EV and ES Method for Project Duration Prediction.

The ES calculation at point of monitoring as follows (Lipke, 2009):

$$ES = C + I \quad (1)$$

C = Value progress time

Where $\sum BCWP \geq \sum BCWS$

$$I = \frac{BCWP - BCWS_C}{BCWS_{C+1} - BCWS_t} \quad (2)$$

I = Linear interpolation

$$EAC_t = \text{Used Time} + \frac{\text{Total Duration} - ES}{SPI(t)} \quad (3)$$

ES calculation performed for each project data. The purpose of this calculation is to obtain average project duration prediction (\overline{EAC}^t) and its standard deviation.

The result should be validating by comparing the mean against real duration of finished project (Du_r) which also collected as realization data. The process carried out by conducted ratio test for independent population to ensure that both two samples stand on the same population or has the same meaning (Harinaldi, 2005)

$$H_0 : \mu_1 = \mu_2 \rightarrow \text{Average ES duration } (\bar{x}_1) = \text{Average } Du \text{ realization } (\bar{x}_2)$$

$$H_1 : \mu_1 \neq \mu_2 \rightarrow \text{Average ES duration } \neq \text{Average } Du \text{ realization}$$

The test ratio:

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}} \quad (4)$$

$$R_{\text{test}} = \frac{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}{\sigma_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}} \quad (5)$$

Backward Earned Schedule Prediction

After pass the population validation test clearance, a development of basic concept of ES was performed by backward calculation as seen on figure 2, where each project could give several project duration predictions. Numbers of duration prediction depend on how far point of observation or monitoring last and how much schedule time sequences in S-Curve data (EAC't). By doing this calculation, the performance of project time prediction was carrying out more proper.

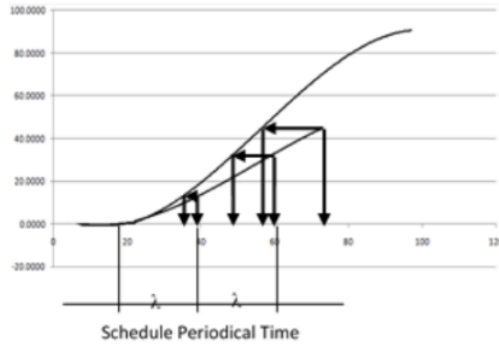


Figure 2 Backward Project Duration Calculation Based On ES

The result for all project data (EAC't) should be divided by floor area to obtain a same unit named as sample data 1. A real Project Duration data of several finished project (Du_r) also be collected and divided by floor area, named as sample data 2.

In this stage, a ratio test similarly conducted to ensure that average of all projects duration prediction is in the same meaning with average real duration data of finished project.

Probabilistic Duration Prediction by ES

Backward calculation gives several projects duration prediction data for each ongoing projects, that should have the same meaning with an average real finished projects duration In that case, a ratio test should also be conducted, compare to realization data.

ES method is deficient on duration prediction, if the result shown that ES duration average is not in the same population with average realization duration

In the contrary, ES method quite suitable for duration prediction in Jakarta and surroundings, if ES duration average is in the same population with average realization duration, it shown that.

The probabilistic parameter could be calculated by explore further by confidence interval of the average ES duration prediction ($\overline{EAC't}$) to gain range of probabilistic duration prediction

$$\overline{EAC't} + Z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \geq \rho_{du} \geq \overline{EAC't} - Z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \quad (6)$$

In other words, optimistic and pessimistic duration could be presented as follow:

$$\overline{EAC't} + Z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \text{ Represent pessimistic duration}$$

$$\overline{EAC't} - Z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \text{ Represent optimistic duration}$$

A calculation of duration prediction should be on this range with success level probability of duration prediction based on average $\overline{EAC't}$ as follow:

$$Z = \frac{\overline{EAC't} - x}{\sigma} \quad (7)$$

Probability a certain prediction accomplishment could be obtained from Norm Distribution tabel.

3. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

A research based on the methodology above was conducted in Jakarta and surroundings as case study.

Data collected consist of 43 ongoing projects and 35 finished projects. Data for both sample described on table 1.

Table 1 ES and Dur Data		
Parameter	Earned Schedule On Going Project	Realization Duration Finished Project
N	43	35
n After Backward Calculated	1548	35
Average Duration (After Calculation) weeks/m2	0.00243	0.002792
σ	0.003234	0.001941381

Based on data on table 1 above, with level of significance $\alpha = 0.05$ (95%)

$$\rightarrow \alpha/2 = 0.0025$$

$$\rightarrow Z_{\alpha/2} = \pm 1.96,$$

the test ratio (R_t) is

$$R_t = \sigma_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2} = 0.000592$$

$$- 1.96 \leq R_t \leq + 1.96$$

The test ratio show that there is no difference between 43's ES calculation and 35's realization duration samples is quite suitable for project duration prediction. It could be used on this research as duration prediction.

The next stage is establishing the upper and lower limit of ES prediction data based on realization performance of duration estimation. Upper limit gives longer time duration, while lower limit gives less time duration. In that case, a range of duration could be established as probabilistic range (confidence interval). Confidence interval with 95% ($Z_{\alpha/2} = 1.96$) level of significance is calculated as follow:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{EAC't} + Z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} &\geq \rho_{du} \geq \overline{EAC't} - Z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \\ 0.00243 + 1.96 \frac{0.00323}{\sqrt{43}} &\geq \rho_{du} \geq 0.00243 - 1.96 \frac{0.00323}{\sqrt{43}} \\ 0.002923 \text{ Week/m}^2 &\geq \rho_{du} \geq 0.001937 \text{ Week/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

This result applied at least in Jakarta, Indonesia, since data obtained at this certain area. The used in another certain uncertainty area, data would be better based on originated area, but the model could be the same as it is, as long as the mathematical requisite full filled.

In this case study, first of all, a ratio test for both 43 data ES ongoing sample of duration per square meter area and 35 data finished realization duration is an important process, which

will give clearance for further calculation. If it is not passed the ratio test, a continuation calculation could not be held further.

The research shows that ES method could be used as based of probabilistic duration prediction in a certain uncertainty environment area. Some requirements to be used in the model are: ongoing project to be predicted data and finished project data as base performance of certain environment. This concept makes the development method could be used in certain institution, including a construction firm.

4. CONCLUSION

Earned Schedule method prediction was a suitable method as a base to predict construction project probabilistic duration since it proofed has a same sample mean with real project duration. The innovation in this research was shown on multiplying project duration estimation data for each project. By doing so, a probabilistic duration was calculated on a range of project time. Conducted a mathematical method was helpful in this research to determine the conclusion, both ratio test and confidence interval, to fulfill the purpose of the research. A small range level of significance indicate less uncertainty, a wide level of level significance indicate that probabilistic condition is in significant uncertainty condition.

A prediction of project duration should be obtain by put an ordinary estimation duration either on range of level of significant or not. After pass the level of significant, the estimation of duration should be tested on level of its level of significant on realization duration average to determine its level of significant. The output should be managed and considered to take longer or shorter duration on appropriate comfortable percentage level of success prediction purpose.

This model helps construction project stakes holder to predict project duration with its possibility level appropriately and decide whether the duration prediction could be applied. The result of this research should be used in all stages from initiating stage up to monitoring stage and has its benefit either on an uncertainty area or an area where a proper prediction is needed.

However, the research limitation occurred on source of data that only gain from specific area Jakarta and surroundings only. Source data from another and wider area could give some change on the result, depends on specific area characteristic. Therefore, a research conducted in another area will give contribution on model improvement.

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Probabilistic Duration Calculation Based On Earned Schedule Approach

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